



KWAZULU-NATAL PROVINCIAL SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (PSDF)

KWAZULU-NATAL PROVINCIAL GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY (PGDS)

16 JULY 2020

SECTORAL THEMED WEBINARS: SOCIAL

GROWING KWAZULU-NATAL TOGETHER



PSDF SOCIAL OUTCOMES WEBINAR AGENDA

1. Welcome and Opening Remarks

2. Acknowledgement of Stakeholders

3. Purpose of the Meeting

4. The Role of Stakeholders

5. Background to the PSDF

6. Identification of Social Issues

7. Stakeholder Inputs

8. The Way Forward

9. Closing Remarks

(Mrs. Amanda Zungu)

(Mrs. Amanda Zungu)

(Mr. Riaan Thomson)

(Mr. Riaan Thomson)

(Mr. Sibongiseni Maseko)

(Mr. Eugene de Beer)

(Mr. Eugene de Beer)

(Mr. Riaan Thomson)

(Mrs. Amanda Zungu)





WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS

Mrs. Amanda Zungu









PURPOSE OF THE MEETING AND PARTICIPATION

Mr. RIAAN THOMSON



FIVE SECTORAL THEMES / FOCUS AREAS

NFRASTRUCTURE

16/07



SOCIAL

- Population distribution and growth projections
- Demographic profile and trends
- Migration patterns
- Access to basic services
- Access to social amenities

21/07



ENVIRONMENT

- Climate change
- Agricultural potential.
- Land cover
- · Nature conservation.
- Bio-diversity.
- Hydrology
- Geomorphology

23/07



GOVERNANCE

ENVIRONMENT

- Spatial planning systems and procedures.
- Institutional framework
- Policy and legislation

ECONOMY



17/07

ما

- Provincial economic profile
- Socio-economic profile and trends
- Land reform programme

INFRASTRUCTURE



- Spatial structure.
- Settlement pattern
 - Land use pattern.
- Physical Infrastructure.
- Transport and movement network.
 - · Human settlement.
 - Land ownership

Feedback Session on 29 July 2020



Purpose of the Meeting

- To introduce the PSDF and PGDS process to sectoral stakeholder.
- To present the initial identification of sectoral developmental issues.
- 3. To allow stakeholders to **share insights** on social issues and opportunities.
- 4. To identify any additional sources of information.
- 5. To ultimately assist in **defining the problem** statement and contribute **towards the spatial development vision** which will guide the formulation of the PSDF.





PARTICIPATING IN THE DISCUSSION

1. Meeting Chat Room	2. Online Form Inputs	3. Verbal inputs	
	Go to:		
Interact on the meeting chat and post any inputs on important social issues or solutions to consider.	tinyurl.com/PSDF-Social Six open questions relating to the identification of social development issues as well as options and opportunities. Form is already open and will remain open for multiple inputs until 28 July 2020.	 Please raise your hand. The host will allow you to talk. Unmute your device. Please make concise and specific inputs on the identification of issues or opportunities to pursue as part of the PGDS / PSDF processes. 	





PROVINCIAL SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (PSDF)

Mr. Sibongiseni Maseko



THE KZN PROVINCIAL SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK

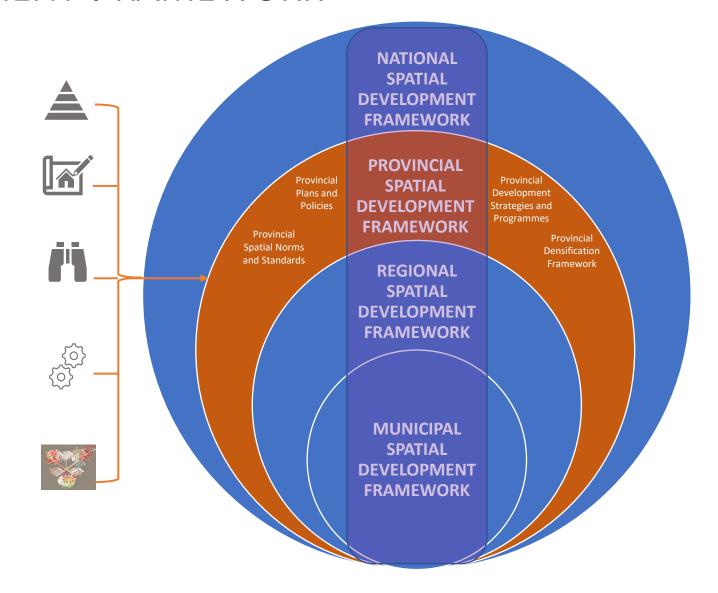
The SPLUMA introduces a hierarchical system of SDFs.

It provides for horizontal and vertical alignment SDFs.

The PSDF will present a provincial spatial development vision and programme.

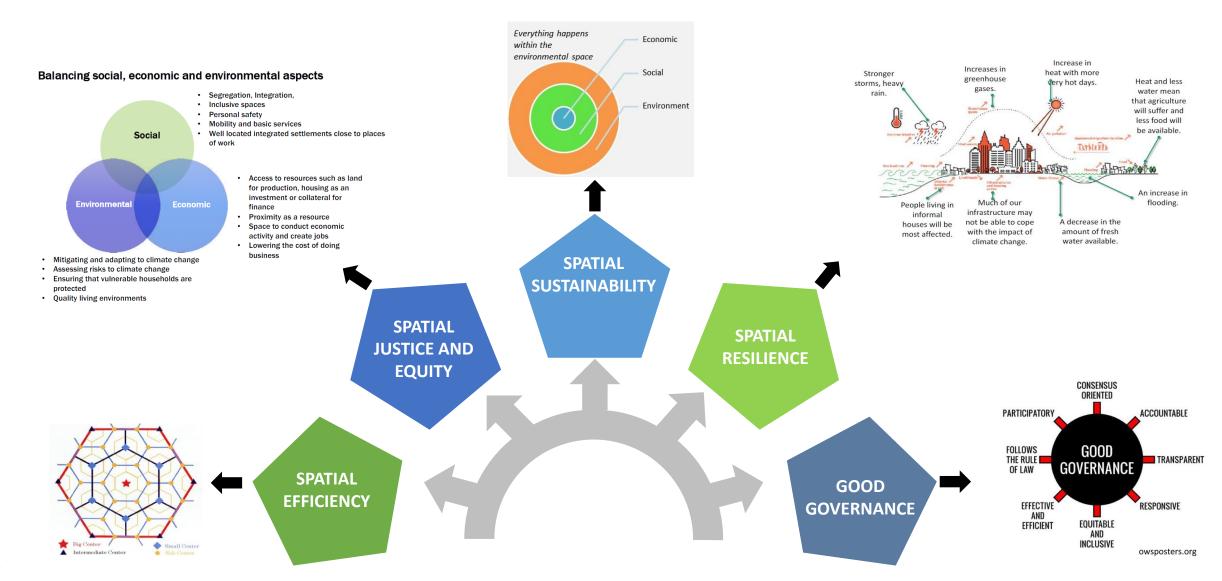
It will guide the Provincial Executive in the execution of provincial executive powers pertaining to land development and use.

It will address spatial issues and challenges facing KZN including colonial and apartheid spatial structure.





GUIDING PRINCIPLES





PSDF Approach

- Legislative and policy context
- Formulate draft provincial spatial vision
- Monitoring & Evaluation (Baseline Review)
- Spatial analysis
- Analysis of Biophysical Environment
- Analysis built environment
- Provincial spatial development trends
- Key development issues & spatial implications

- - Formulate SMART PSDF objectives

- Social and economic analysis
- and patterns
- Spatial challenges & opportunities

POLICY, VISION DIRECTIVES, SPATIAL CHALLENGES AND **OPPORTUNITIES**

PHASE 2

Sept 2020

- Final draft vision and objectives
- Spatial concepts
- Spatial strategies and policies
- Preparation of Draft Consolidated **PSDF**
- Preparation of a Final Draft PSDF Report
- · Monitoring & Evaluation- establish indicators and targets
- Monitoring & Evaluation- develop spatial monitoring tools

PHASE 3

Jan 2021

SPATIAL PROPOSALS & IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

- Finalise Provincial Spatial Policies
- Finalise spatial development guidelines
- Preparation of Capital Investment Framework
- Preparation of monitoring & evaluation framework (spatial targets)
- Spatial Governance Framework (Institutional arrangements)
- Alignment of policy, guidelines and institutional targets with M&E targets

Finalise Final Draft PSDF for public participation

- Publication of a notice on the Provincial Gazette and Media informing the public about the draft **PSDF** and inviting comments
- Public workshops with a range of stakeholders
- Open days where report will be displayed (in public places) for public viewing and inputs
- Presentations to key organised interests' groups
- Document on various government websites
- Presentation to and inputs from Provincial Cabinet/Exco

STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION PROCESSES

PHASE 4 **July 2021** Refinement of PSDF Preparation of a final PSDF document and maps

FINAL PSDF

- Submission of report to Cabinet for approval
- Cabinet's endorsement
- Notice in Provincial Gazette
- PSDF on Departments website
- Set up of monitoring & evaluation process





- · Initial data collection from COGTA
- Project Inception Report

PHASE 5 **Sept 2021**



Proposed Structure of the PSDF

01

Policy Context And Vision Directives

- Policy And Legislative Context
- Summary and implications
- Towards A
 Provincial Spatial
 Vision

02

Spatial Challenges And Opportunities

- Socio-economic trends and patterns
- Analysis of the Built Environment
- Analysis of the Biophysical Environment
- Cross Cutting
 Dimensions/concerns
- Synthesis of spatial issues, challenges and opportunities

03

Spatial Proposals

- Spatial vision
- Conceptual Framework
- Scenario development
- Spatial development objectives
- Spatial strategies, proposals and policies

04

Implementation Framework

- Provincial spatial policies
- Spatial development guidelines
- Capital investment framework
- Institutional arrangements

05

Consolidated PSDF

- Executive Summary
- Policy Directives
- Spatial Vision and objectives
- Synthesis of spatial issues, challenges and opportunities
- Spatial proposals
- Implementation
 Framework
- Monitoring and Evaluation system.





IDENTIFICATION OF PROVINCIAL SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISSUES

Mr. Eugene de Beer Ms. Tinotenda Makoni



BROAD SOCIAL CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Exclusion and poverty

Access to services

KZN urban to rural split

Health and Welfare

Crime and Safety

Education and training

Unemployment

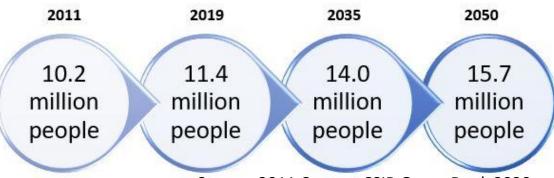
Social Grants and Social Protection



SOCIAL ISSUES...

POPULATION GROWTH AND DISTRIBUTION

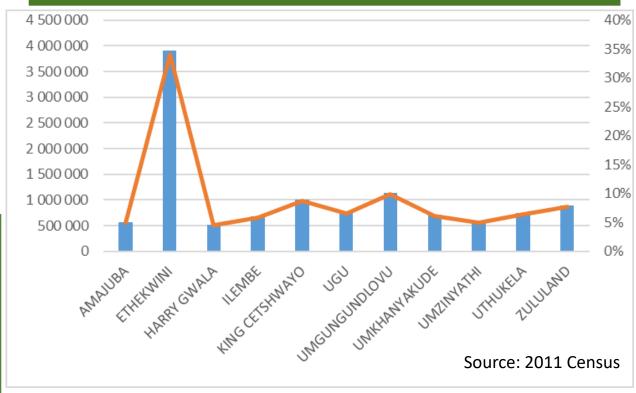
KZN is the second most populous province in the country. And the population is likely to increase in size and density across the province especially in eThekwini.



Source: 2011 Census, CSIR Green Book 2020

The population of KZN recorded modest growth rate from 1996 to 2016 (1.27%).

The population is unevenly distributed across the province with people concentrating mainly within urban centres that have better economic opportunities and improved social amenities such as eThekwini, Umgungundlovu and King Cetshwayo.



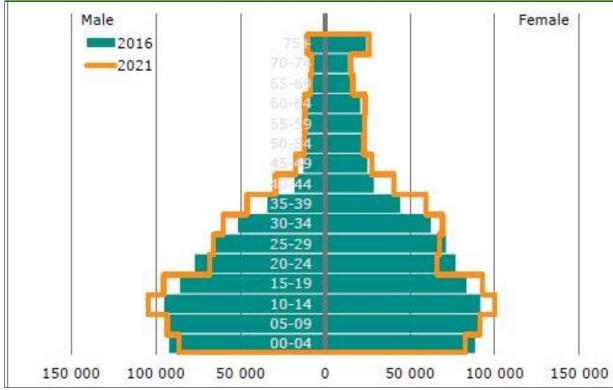


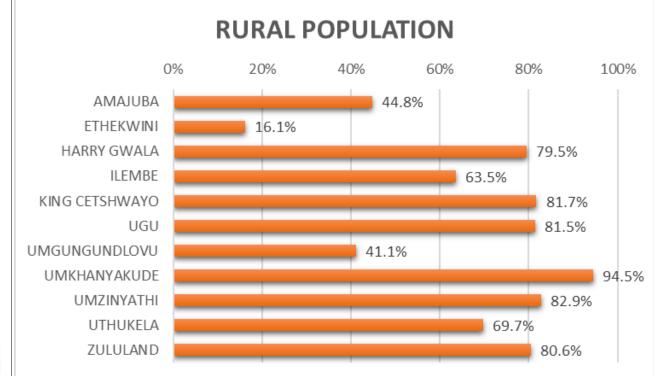
SOCIAL ISSUES...

POPULATION STRUCTURE AND COMPOSITION

The structure of the KZN population is an expansive one with a wide base characterised by a large young age group cohorts and a small elderly cohort.

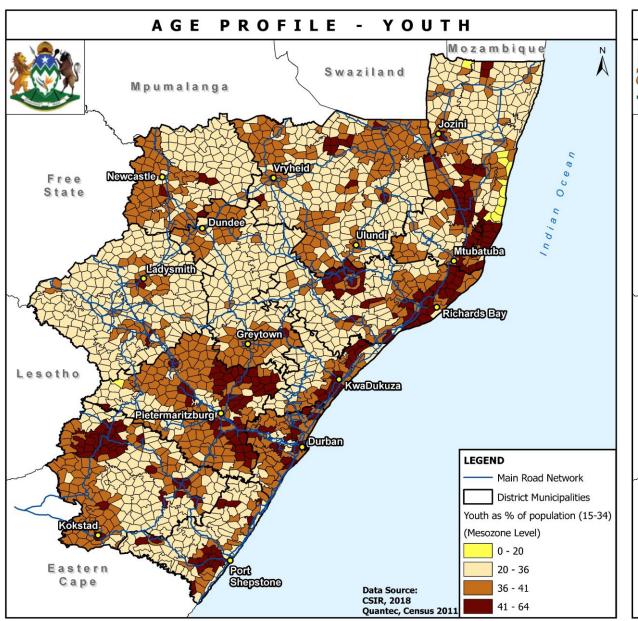
KZN still has a large rural population (48%) that must be served

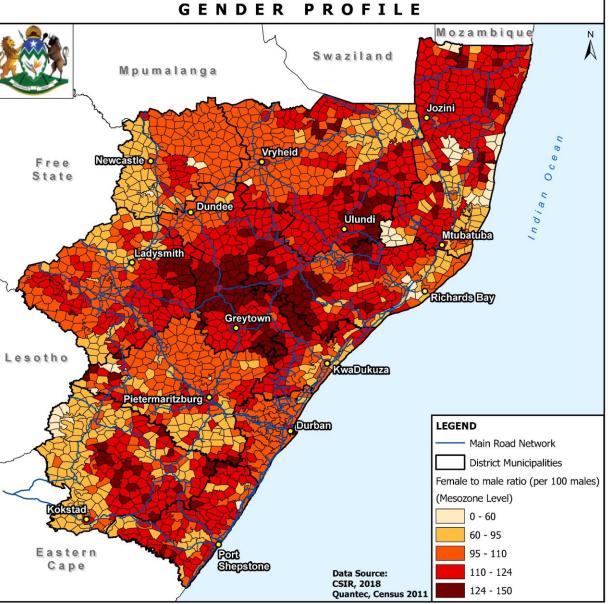




Source: 2011 Census; 2016,









SOCIAL ISSUES...POVERTY AND SOCIAL WELFARE

Although there is a declining trend in different indices of poverty in the Province, KwaZulu-Natal ranks among the poorer provinces in South Africa.

% Households below the lower bound poverty line



Socio economic factors, including poverty, inadequate access to potable water, sanitation, electricity, lack of refuse removal, and low literacy levels are associated with poor health status and negative health outcomes.

Progress in education is hampered by capacity challenges including inequality in access to tertiary education among young people in different subgroups of the population.

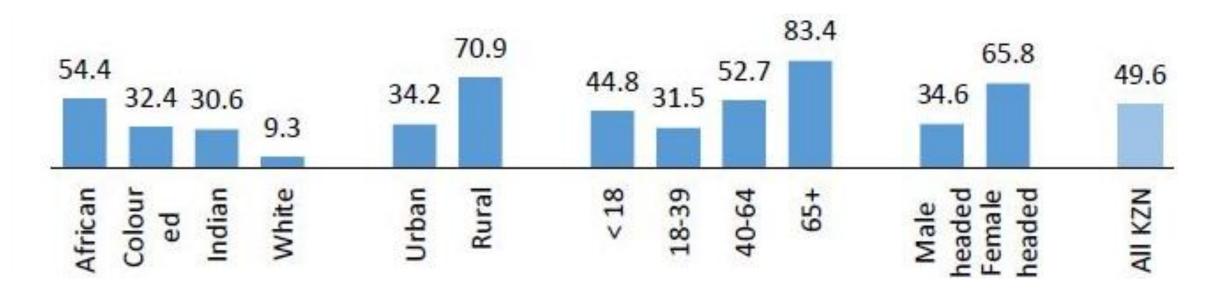
Official crime statistics indicate some improvement in the safety profile however many ordinary people in the province are still prevented from a number of everyday activities for fear of crimes.

Source: 2011 Census



SOCIAL ISSUES... SOCIAL PROTECTION

About 50% of the Households in KZN receive social grants. Rural households, those headed by Africans, women and people older than sixty-four years receive social grants more than others.



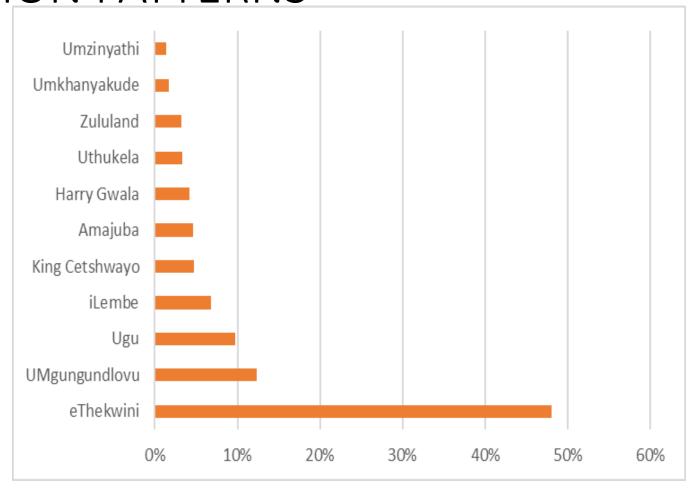


Social Issues... MIGRATION PATTERNS

KZN has a net out migration of people to other parts of country especially Gauteng.

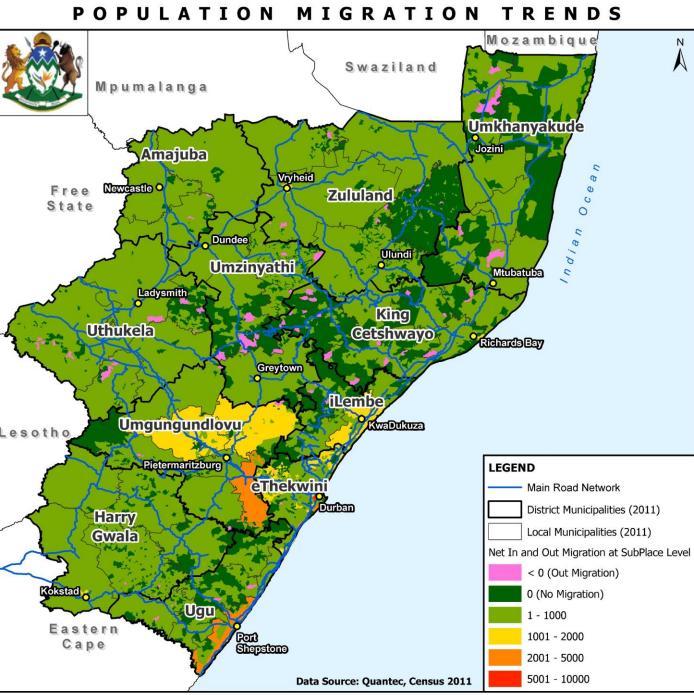
The movement of people within the province tends towards the areas of higher economic opportunities and urbanisation as well as high availability of social amenities.

People who migrate from or within the province share basic characteristics, namely they are predominantly working age group seeking economic opportunity or improved availability of basic services.



Source: 2011 Census Data







FUNDAMENTAL QUESTIONS — SOCIAL INTERVENTIONS AND THE PGDP AND PSDF

	DEMOGRAPHICS	LOCATION AND MOBILITY	SOCIO-ECONOMIC VULNERABILITY	SOCIAL AMENITIES	ENVIRONMENTAL UNCERTAINTIES	DIGITAL SOLUTIONS
2	 How is the demographic profile of the province likely to evolve in future? To what extent will the future patterns be influenced by changing social and economic circumstances? 	 Will the current mobility patterns continue into the future given impacts of COVID-19 and climate change? How rapidly will the changing cultures in human settlement pattern change: rural vs urban; small settlements vs larger towns? 	 Which mechanisms for addressing poverty in the province are more effective? How can PSDF policy incentivise the creation of more and higher quality jobs and opportunities for people at risk of poverty? 	 How can access to opportunities be improved in isolated or disconnected areas? How can the quality of services be addressed more effectively through spatial equity? 	 How best can the PSDF integrate environmental solution into approaches to housing, regeneration and economic development? 	 What are the positive and negative implications of the expansion of the digital space and the future emphasis on the use of digital platforms?

DRIVERS OF CHANGE



DEMOGRAPHICS



LOCATION AND MOBILITY PATTERNS



SOCIOECONOMIC VULNERABILITY (POVERTY)



HEALTH



COMMUNITY WELFARE



EDUCATION



ENVIRONMENTAL
CHANGE
UNCERTAINTY



LAND REFORM AND FOOD SECURITY



DIGITAL SOLUTIONS



HUMAN SETTLEMENT

tinyurl.com/PSDF-Social

→ FUNDAMENTAL QUESTIONS

CURRENT TRENDS

> FUTURE TRENDS

DEMOGRAPHICS



LOCATION AND MOBILITY PATTERNS



SOCIOECONOMIC VULNERABILITY



SOCIAL AMENITIES



ENVIRONMENTAL UNCERTAINTY



DIGITAL MARKET



SOCIAL

?

?

?

?

?

?

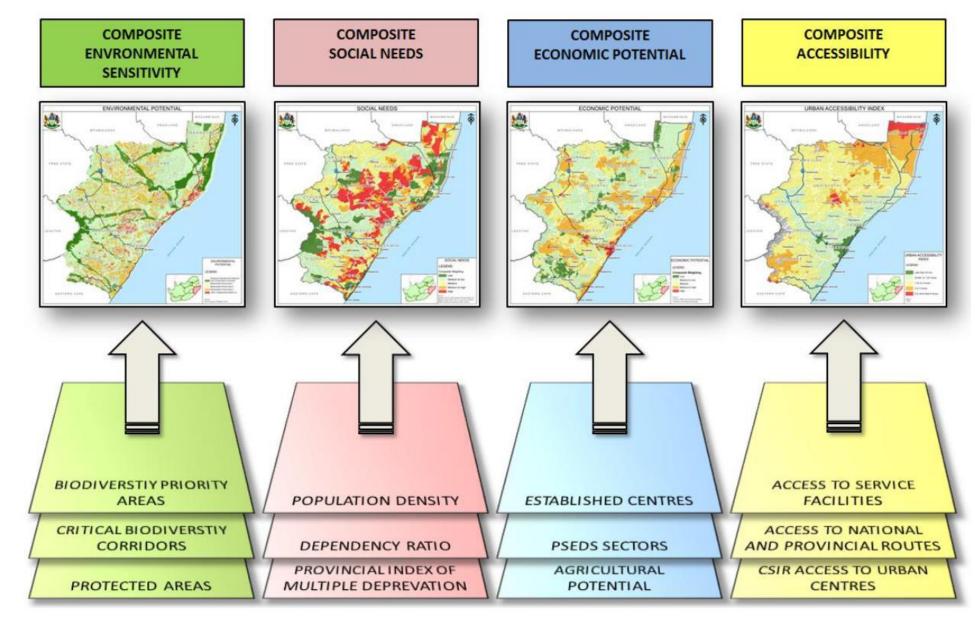




WAY FORWARD

Mr. RIAAN THOMSON







FIVE SECTORAL THEMES / FOCUS AREAS

NFRASTRUCTURE



SOCIAL

- Population distribution and growth projections
- Demographic profile and trends
- Migration patterns
- Access to basic services
- Access to social amenities

21/07



ENVIRONMENT

- Climate change
- Agricultural potential.
- Land cover
- · Nature conservation.
- Bio-diversity.
- Hydrology
- Geomorphology



GOVERNANCE

ENVIRONMENT

- · Spatial planning systems and procedures.
- Institutional framework
- Policy and legislation

ECONOMY



17/07

- Provincial economic profile
- Socio-economic profile and trends
- Land reform programme

INFRASTRUCTURE



- · Spatial structure.
- Settlement pattern
 - Land use pattern.
- Physical Infrastructure.
- Transport and movement network.
 - · Human settlement.
 - Land ownership

Feedback Session on 29 July 2020



TO REGISTER AS AN INTERESTED AND AFFECTED PARTY, PLEASE VISIT THE FOLLOWING WEBSITES OR REGISTER VIA EMAIL

PSDF

Please visit our website at http://www.kzncogta.gov.za/psdf/

Inputs and suggestions can be emailed to: Email: PSDF@kzncogta.gov.za

Ms Amanda Zungu and Mr Sphelele Mhlongo Contact no: 033 355 6428

PGDS

Please visit our website at www.kznppc.gov.za

Inputs and suggestions can be emailed to:

Sithembile Myeza sithembile.myeza@kznpremier.gov.za

Dawn Dorning dawn.dorning@kznpremier.gov.za

tinyurl.com/PSDF-Social

THANK YOU

GROWING KWAZULU-NATAL TOGETHER