ETHEKWINI METROPOLITAN – MUNICIPAL PROFILE

	MUNICIPALITY	
Municipal Profile		
Population	3 468 086	
2011 No. of Councillors	205	
No. of Councillors	219	
	African Christian Democratic Party	1
	African Independent Congress	3
	African National Congress	126
	African Peoples Convention	1
	Al Jama-Ah	1
	Democratic Alliance	61
	Democratic Lberal Congress	1
Current Political make up	Economic Freedom Fighters	8
Current Political make-up	Independent P H Nxumalo	1
	Independent V Mbanjwa	1
	Independent M Sibisi	1
	Independent T N Mabanga	1
	Inkatha Freedom Party	10
	Minorities Of South Africa	1
	Minority Front	1
	Truly Alliance	1
2011 Registered Voters	1 639 153	
2016 Registered Voters	1 843 123	

	DETAILS OF THE OFFICE BEARERS								
	Name Of Politi		ELECTION OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (<u>Formula</u> : [number of party seats ÷ by total number of councillors) x size of EXCO]		Name Of	Polit	Name Of	Politica	
	Speaker Cal Party		No. of Me mbe rs	Names of Members	Politic al Party		Part y	Deputy Mayor	l Party
				Z R T Gumede	ANC				
				B Fontein	ANC				
			Z Sokhabase	ANC					
				F Peer	ANC	Ms Z.R.T	ANC	Ms F. Peer	ANC
Ethekwini	W.L	ANC	10	M Mthembu	ANC				
LUIEKWIII	Mapena	ANC	10	L Kaunde	ANC	Gumede	ANC		
				Z M Mncwango	DA				
				H U De Broer	DA				
			M H Hoosen	DA					
				M S Nkosi	IFP				

	SECTION 54/56 MANAGERS						
No	Designation	Manager's Name	Contact Number				
1	Municipal Manager	Mr Sibusiso Sithole	073 302 7785				
2	Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Krish Kumar	031- 311 1131				
3	Governance and International Relations	Mr. Sipho Cele	031-3114004				
4	Community and Emergency Services	Mr. Musa Gumede	031-3114635				
5	Corporate and Human Resources	Dumisile Nene	031 311 3818				
6	Human Settlements, Engineering Services & Transport	Vacant					
7	Trading Services	Mr.Philemone Mashoko					
8	Economic and Development Planning -	Dr. Cecelia Naledi Moyo	031-3117886				

Demarcation and Restructured municipalities.

- Disestablishment of Vulamehlo
- Vulamehlo municipality has been dis-established and both Umdoni and eThekwin councils have been inaugurated.
- No challenges have been reported to date regarding the placement of staff
- No challenges have been reported to date regarding the migration of financial systems
- The financial statements for the one month after the elections have not yet been finalized
- The transfer agreement regulating the transfer of assets etc has not been finalised.

REMEDIAL ACTIONS

- A post merger meeting with all the affected municipalities has been arranged for 27 September 2016 to address the challenges being experienced
- Hands on support is still being provided by the Transformation Manager as and when required

PILLAR ONE: PUTTING PEOPLE FIRST

WARD: 01		
Period : Au	gust 2015	
Introduction of Ward 01		
Ward 01 is under eThekwini mu	nicipality, under councillor B A Mkhize	and Inkosi S Mlaba. Ward 01 is covered
by 10 areas, which is ;		
Isithumba		
Mvini		
Bobhonono		
Nonoti		
Msunduzi		
Denge		
Ntukuso		
Thweba		
Nconcosi		
Isiwa		
Population :		
The Neighbouring Municipality		
Umkhambathini Municipality, w	e are nearby ward 2 of Mkhambathini	Municipality.
Number of Tradition council	=: 01	
Namely: Ximba TC		
Demography		
Total Population of the Ward	37880 as per census of 2011	
Gender		
Gender	Population	%
Female	20051	66%
Male	17779	44%

Type of dwellings in the Ward : formal, informal and traditional

The languages spoken : Isizulu	-
The indication of literacy :+_65%	
Education	
Number of crèches : 20, 6 registered the rest not yet registe	red
Number of primary schools : 12	
Number of High school : 4	
Number of combined schools : 1	
Number of FET Colleges : 0	
Number of University of Technologies : 0	
Number of Universities : 01	
Number of any other learning institutions : 0	
Health	
Number of primary health care centers	:01
Number of community health centres	:0
Number of hospitals	:0
Number of traditional healers operating in the ward	: 70, but only 20 registered
Number of General Practitioners in the ward	:1

Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc	: 0
Number of pharmacies in the ward	: 0
Number of people receiving TB treatment	: 153
Number of people receiving Antiretroviral	: 2653
Safety and Security	24
Number of police stations	: 01
Number of satellite police stations	: 0
Number of community policing forums	: 01
If no police station in the ward	: Not applicable
Crime statistics for the past three months	:
Number of informal safety and security structures	: 0
Infrastructure	
What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water : Wh	ole ward
What proportion of the Ward has access to sanitation (toilet	:): Whole ward
What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity : Wh	ole ward
Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward :Taxi	s and private cars
Name the type and number of recreational facilities :1 Indoo	r sport centre
How many sport facilities :1 N	Aanzolwandle Sport ground
How many community halls are in the Ward	:4
How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward	:15
Number of formal shops in the Ward	: 27
Number of informal shops (spaza) in the Ward	:30
Number of banks in the Ward	: 01
	.01
Social Welfare	
How many orphans are in the Ward	: +_ 500
How many child-headed households are in the Ward	_ : +_30 :
How many people are registered to receive Social Grants :	_
Availability of gardens	
How many communal gardens are established in the District	: 7
How many school gardens are in the District	:3 due to drought
How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility	: 7, 4 Creches, 1 disable school, 1 Clinic,
1 Ndunakazi, 1Asizenzele	
Community Organizations	
Does the ward have:	
Sporting organizations	: yes
School governing bodies	almost in all school of the ward
Community Policing Forums	: 1 KwaXimba Policing Forum
Street / ward based forums	: 0
Religious organizations	:1
Youth organizations	: 1 political structure
	1
Business organizations	:1
Business organizations Taxi associations	
Taxi associations	: 1
Taxi associations Cultural organizations	: 1 : 1 :0
Taxi associations	: 1 : 1

OSS WTT Structures How many WTT structures are available How many war rooms are established	: 01 : 01
Number of field workers	
How many Youth Ambassadors	: 0
How many CDWs	: 01
How many Sports Volunteers	: 06
How many CCGs	: 43 CCG's on stipend
How many Extension Officers	:
How many CSL	:

WARD: 02

Socio economic Statistics Dwelling count from aerial photography (2007)

Population Estimate	34750
Dependency Ratio	7
Households_07	6435
Literacy	12367
Male	16027
Female	18723
Disabled	1734

Age (Years)

0-4	5-14	15-34	35-64
4149	9302	12552	7357
>65			
1390			

Employment Status

E	Employed	Unemployed	Not Economically Active	Pensioners
6	5125	10564	18060	1390

Household Income (Rand per Annum)

R0-4,800	R4,801-19,200	R19,201-76,800		R76,801-307,200
2613	2635	1043		140
R307,201-1,228,800		> R1,228,800		
4	4		0	

Housing, Services & Facilities

Housing:

Formal	Informal	Traditional	Other
2394	160	3881	0

Backlogs

Water & Sanitation Rural Project Areas

Ground Tanks / Yard Taps(Rural Project Areas)	3715
Urine Diversion Toilets(Rural Project Areas)	585
Ground Tanks / Yard Taps(Other Rural Areas)	0
Urine Diversion Toilets(Other Rural Areas)	0
Total Ground Tanks / Yard Taps	3715
Total Urine Diversion Toilets	585

Housing Capital projects. (Funding shown in Rm)

Note: Capital projects are listed according to the geographic boundary of 2006 wards. The 2011 wards boundaries have changed and in some cases, the project may not fall inside the 2011 ward boundary. This will be corrected in the next phase

		Budget	ed Amour	nt for Year	(Rm)					
Ward NO	Project	FY 2005 - 2006	FY 2006 - 2007	FY 2000 7 - 2008	FY 2008 - 2009	FY 2009 - 2010	FY 2010 - 2011	FY 2011 - 2012	FY 2012 - 2013	FY 2013 - 2014
8	Embo P1	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.00	00.0 0	00.0 0	04.4 0	05.0 0	08.0 0	00.0 0
8	Embo P1 & 2	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.00	00.0 0	00.0 0	02.0 0	04.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
2,3,44,4 6	Inanda Missio n Reserv e	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.00	00.0 0	00.0 0	26.5 0	20.0 0	15.0 0	00.0 0
2,3,44,5 6	Inanda Missio n Reserv e	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.00	00.0 0	00.0 0	02.7 0	05.0 0	03.0 0	00.0 0

Economic Development Capital projects. (Funding shown in Rm)

Note: Capital projects are listed according to the 2006 wards that overlap with the 2011 wards. In some cases, the project may not fall inside the 2011 ward boundary.

This will be corrected in the next phase

			Budgeted Amount for Year (Rm)							
Ward NO	Project	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 20007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
		- 2006	- 2007	- 2008	- 2009	- 2010	- 2011	- 2012	- 2013	- 2014

Ward Capital Projects(Funding shown in Rm)

Note: Capital projects are listed according to the 2006 wards that overlap with the 2011 wards. In some cases, the project may not fall inside the 2011 ward boundary.

This will be corrected in the next phase

		Budget	ed Amou	nt for Yea	r (Rm)					
Ward NO	Project	FY 2005 - 2006	FY 2006 - 2007	FY 2000 7 - 2008	FY 2008 - 2009	FY 2009 - 2010	FY 2010 - 2011	FY 2011 - 2012	FY 2012 - 2013	FY 2013 - 2014
8	Patna Rd	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.1 5	00.0 0
2	Ebumnyame ni Access Road Sidewalk, Ward 2	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.2 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
8	Pinetown Major S/Stn	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	17.0 0	11.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
1,2,4, 5	MV/LV -EFA Reticulation Outer West	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	02.0 0	04.0 0	02.0 0	00.0 0
8	Shayamoya Road Sidewalk, Ward 8	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.1 8	00.0 0
8	Lello Road	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.1 0	00.0 0

8	Nqetho Road Sidewalk, Ward 8	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.1 9	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
8	Hlengwa Access Road, Ward8	00.0 0	01.0 0	00.0 0						
2	1000 Hills Res	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	03.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
2	Mabedlane Water & Sanitation	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	01.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
8	Brackenhill Road Sidewalk, Ward 8	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.2 0	00.0 0	00.0 0
2	Ebumnyame ni Access Road - gravel to blacktop, Ward 2	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0	02.0 0	00.0 0	00.0 0

Ward Capital projects(History).(Funding shown in Rm)

		Budgete	ed Amoun
Ward NO	Project	FY 2005 - 2006	FY 2006 - 2007
2	Tourism Nodes & Corridors - Inanda Dam	03.00	00.00
2	MV/LV -EFA Reticulation Outer West	01.00	04.00
2	MV/LV Reinforcement-Assagay	03.50	04.00
2	Inanda Mission Reserve	00.00	00.00

				1	
2	Ebumnyameni Access Road - gravel to blacktop, Ward 2	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
2	Ebumnyameni access Road (Ward 2)	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.70
2	Ebumnyameni Access Road Sidewalk, Ward 2	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.20
2	Inthuthuko Water & Sanitation	00.00	02.63	04.00	05.2
2	Lower Maphepheteni Water & Sanitation	01.41	00.73	00.00	00.00
2	Lower Mapheteni Infill (W&S)	00.00	00.77	00.00	00.00
2	Mabedlane W & S	00.00	00.00	06.00	05.00
2	Mkizwana Sanitation	02.68	00.00	00.00	00.00
2	Upper Maphepheteni Water & Sanitation	01.54	00.73	00.00	00.00
2	Upper Mapheteni Infill (W&S)	00.00	01.46	00.00	00.00
2	1000 Hills Res	00.00	09.00	06.00	16.00
2	Bulk water supply Mkhizwana & Maphephetani & Ekukanyani (DWAAF)	15.00	15.00	00.00	00.00
2	Ekukhanyeni / Mkhizwane / Maphepheteheni	00.00	00.00	00.00	04.00
2	Inthuthuko Water & Sanitation	00.00	00.97	03.00	01.45
2	Lower Maphepheteni Health & Hygiene	00.13	00.00	00.00	00.00
2	Lower Maphepheteni Water & Sanitation	00.57	00.27	00.00	11.10
2	Lower Mapheteni Infill (W&S)	00.00	00.28	00.00	00.00
2	Mabedlane Water & Sanitation	00.00	00.00	06.00	05.00
2	Mkizwana Health & Hygiene	00.24	00.00	00.00	00.00
2	Mkizwana Water & Sanitation	01.08	03.00	00.00	05.39
2	Upper Maphepheteni Health & Hygiene	00.14	00.00	00.00	00.00
2	Upper Maphepheteni Water & Sanitation	00.62	00.27	00.00	01.88

2 Upper Mapheteni Infill (W&S) 00.00 00.54 00.00 0
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WARD: 03 No of Local Municipalities : Nil Period : AUGUST 2015 Introduction of the WARD 03 WARD 03 Mzinyathi is situated in north Durban in ethekwini municipality.it is an rural area consisting of formal and informal houses is covering the areas of 17 voting district.

Areas : Matata, lower Kumanaza, Ngonweni, Amatikwe, eskebheni, new river, mzinyathi, Nyoni, Dabeka, Senzokuhle, kwa Gence.

Total coverage of the WARD 94.9 Sqeer km The Neighbouring wards Ward 44 NORTH Ward 56 Ward 02 Ward 17 Ndwedwe district Number of TACs Qadi Traditional council WARD MAP. Demography Total Population of the ward :88384 MALES :15684 FEMALES ;20135 TIPE OF DWELLING IN THE WARD ; THE LANGUAGE SPOKEN ;ZULU AND ENGLISH THE INDICATION OF LITERACY ;18601 : Education Number of crèches :10 Number of primary schools :12 Number of secondary school : 10 Number of HIGH schools : 10 Number of FET Colleges :0 Number of University of Technologies :0 Number of Universities : 0 Number of any other learning institutions : SCHOOLS ONLY Health Number of primary health care centers :0 Number of community health centres :1 Number of hospitals :0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward : 44 Number of General Practitioners in the ward : 0 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc : 1 reha Number of pharmacies in the ward : 0 Number of people receiving TB treatment : 2900

Number of people receiving Antiretroviral	: 3800
Safety and Security	
Number of police stations	: 0
Number of satellite police stations	: 0
Number of community policing forums	:2
If no police station in the ward	: Not applicable
Crime statistics for the past three months	: NIL
Number of informal safety and security structures	:1
Infrastructure	
What proportion of the WARD has access to clean w	vater : ;90%
What proportion of the WARDt has access to sanita	
What proportion of the WARD has access to electric	city 85%
Name the modes (types) of transport used in the BL	JSES,TAXI, ,PRIVATE TRANSPORT.
Name the type and number of recreational facilities	
How many sport facilities :2	
How many community halls are in the WARD	:4
How many churches (buildings) are in the WARD :6	
Number of formal shops in the WARD :8	
Number of informal shops (spazza) in the WARD :20)
Number of banks in the :0	
Social Welfare	
How many orphans are in the WARD	:800
How many child-headed households are in the	:19
How many people are registered to receive Social G	rants :7500
Availability of gardens	
How many communal gardens are established in the	e WARD : 13
How many school gardens are in the WARD	:3
How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facilit	ty : 1
Community Organizations	
Does the District have :	
Sporting organizations	:1
School governing bodies	:All 32 schools
Community Policing Forums	:3
Street / ward based forums	:0
Religious organizations	:0
Youth organizations	:4
Business organizations	:01
Taxi associations	:02
Cultural organizations	:2
Women's organizations	:5
Organizations for people living with disabilities	:1
OSS & District Structures	
How many District structures are available within th	e District (<i>list)</i> :
(e.g.DTTs , DACs , DPPF, DCFs etc)	
How many war rooms are established	:1
Number of field workers	
How many Youth Ambassadors	: 0
How many CDWs	: 1

How many Sports Volunteers	: 2
How many CCGs	: 34
How many Extension Officers	: 0
How many CSL	:

WARD: 04

Name : INCHANGA Period : 2015 Introduction of the Ward

Ward 04 is rural area found under Ethekwin Municipality the west part of the region and is a deprived area we do have a tribal leader which is Mr Mlaba and he covers two large areas of the ward although most of the areas are dominated by political leaders the name of the councellor Mr Dennis Muziwamasoka Shozi.

The name of the ward is Inchanga and it covers 16 Areas which Zibuse,skhelekehleni,Mngcwini,mtata,Diphini,tin town,Harare 1,harare2 ,kwacele,Ezibovin ,G section,Emadwaleni,Empuma,esthumba,Paneken,Elangen,

ward 04 is deprived rural area with the population 47,000 with all racial zulu, whites, Indians .coloured .regarding the ethnic group the area used to have zulu speaking people but recently there Xhosa, so tho muslims and whites but zulu speakers are in high numbers.

in terms of developments we are still in line with the vision of Ethekwini Municipality our ward is ward which is wealth with many factories and they employed large numbers of the community members from different Wards and in terms of service delivery yes our ward is developed we do have access to basic services like water, electricity and other things which are important for the community.

Total coverage of the District eThekwini LM comprises of the land area of 2,297 square km, which is comparatively larger than other South African cities.

The Neighbouring Wards Ward 01(kwaximba) <u>Ward 02</u> <u>Ward 05</u> <u>Ward 91</u> <u>Ward 06</u> Ward 04 Map Demography Total Population of the ward 04: 55 000 Type of dwellings in the ward : RDP, mud, formal, informal The languages spoken: Isizulu, isiXhosa and english The indication of literacy: 25%

Education Number of crèches: 19 Number of primary schools: 9 Number of secondary school : 4 Number of combined schools : 1 Number of FET Colleges : 01 Inchanga(Ethemben) FET Number of University of Technologies : 0 Number of Universities :0 Number of any other learning institutions :0 Health Number of primary health care centers :02 Number of community health centres :0 Number of hospitals :0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward : 45 Number of General Practitioners in the ward :7 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc : 2 Number of pharmacies in the ward : 2 Number of people receiving TB treatment :266 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral : 1812 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 2 Number of satellite police stations: 0 Number of community policing forums: 05 Crime statistics for the past three months : Number of informal safety and security structures :71 Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 97% What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet):40% What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 98% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District : Public /Private Name the type and number of recreational facilities: N/a How many sport facilities : 02 How many community halls are in the ward: 05 How many churches (buildings) are in the ward: 14 Number of formal shops in the ward : 07 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the ward : 29 Number of banks in the ward : 06 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward : 1214 How many child-headed households are in the ward: 123 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : 421 Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the ward : 1 How many school gardens are in the ward :4 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility :2 **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: yes Sporting organizations: yes School governing bodies: yes **Community Policing Forums: yes** Street / ward based forums: yes Religious organizations: yes Youth organizations: yes Business organizations: yes Taxi associations: yes

Cultural organizations : yes Women's organizations: yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : yes OSS & District Structures How many District structures are available within the District (*list*): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: 1 Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 0 How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers : 0 How many CCGs: 26 How many Extension Officers : 1 How many CSL : 2

WARD 08

Ward 08 is situated in the rural area and it consisted of the following areas Embo under the traditional leader Inkosi Dominic Mkhize and Cllr Michael Shelembe andKwaNgcolosi under Inkosi Bhekisisa Bhengu within Embo there are this sub areas namely Potea, Gwadu, Thusumuntu, Phoshane, Khabazela, Thafeni, Inhlangano, Abambo, Gudlintaba, and Kwangcolosi are Gcwensa, Nqetho, Womoyi, Kwabusane, Sijoti, Mshazi, Mpola, and Mahlabathini

Total coverage of the Ward

Population of the ward : 40924

The Neighbouring Ward <u>Molweni</u> KwaNyuswa <u>Gillit</u>

<u>Emaqadini</u> Number of TACs : 02 Namely: Khabazela KwaNgcolosi

Demography Total Population of the Ward :40924

Gender	Population
Female	21281
Male	19644

Ethnic group	Population
Black African	+/-25000
Indian/Asian	+/-5000
White	+5924

Type of dwellings in the District: Formal and Informal plus Tradiotionak The languages spoken : Isizulu The indication of literacy: 19665 Education Number of crèches: =+/-12 Number of primary schools: 09 Number of secondary school: 02 Number of combined schools: 0 Number of FET Colleges: 00 Number of University of Technologies: 00 Number of Universities: 00 Number of any other learning institutions: 0

Health

Number of primary health care centers: 0 Number of community health centres: 02 Number of hospitals: 01 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward : 300 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 0 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 01 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 03 Number of people receiving TB treatment: +/-1500 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: +/-2000

Safety and Security Number of police stations: 01 Number of satellite police stations: 00 Number of community policing forums: 11 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months : there a: high rate Number of informal safety and security structures: 0 Infrastructure What proportion of the District has access to clean water: 90% What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet):92% What proportion of the District has access to electricity : 98% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District: Taxis/Quantum Name the type and number of recreational facilities 0 How many sport facilities 02: How many community halls are in the Ward 02 How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward 10 Number of formal shops in the Ward 02 Shopping Malls Hillcrest and Watercrest: Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward 30: Number of banks in the Ward 04:

Social Welfare How many orphans are in the Ward 840: How many child-headed households are in the Ward 549: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants 2054 Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the Ward : 00 How many school gardens are in the Ward 0: How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility: 02

Community Organizations Does the Ward have: Sporting organizations no: School governing bodies : yes Community Policing Forums: yes Street / ward based forums : yes Religious organizations: yes Youth organizations: yes Business organizations: yes Taxi associations: yes Cultural organizations: yes Women's organizations: yes Organizations for people living with disabilities: no

OSS & District Structures How many District structures are available within the District (*list*): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: 01

Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 0 How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers: 0 How many CCGs: 46 CCG's on stipend How many Extension Officers: 0 How many CSL: 0

WARD: 19 MUNICIPALITY: ETHEKWINI PERIOD: AUGUST 2015 Introduction of the Ward Location: Inner West of Durban Total coverage of the ward: 4.75 (Square Kilometres) Total population: 35294 The neighboring wards (North, South, East, and West): Ward 18, 20, 21, 22, 92 Demography Total Population of the ward: 35294 Males: 16990 Females : 18304 Type of dwellings in the ward : Formal, low cost and informal The languages spoken: English, Zulu, Xhosa The indication of literacy: 19180 Education

Number of crèches: 18 Number of primary schools: 2 Primary Schools namely: Wyebank and Mzwamandla Khanyile Primary Number of secondary schools: 2 Secondary Schools namely: Eric Mtshali and Wyebank Secondary. Number of FET Colleges: 1 Elangeni college KwaDabeka campass Number of University of Technologies: 0 Number of Universities: 0 Number of any other learning institutions: 0 Health Number of primary health care centers: 1 Number of community health centres: 0 Number of hospitals: 0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 6 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 1 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 0 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 0 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 124 (for the Month of August only at PCHC, No ward specific statistics) Number of Phila Mntwana sites: 1 Sphumelele creche Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 4995, 4883(Adults) 112 (Children) (this is the statistics from Phoenix Community Health Centre, No ward statistic is available at the moment. Safety and Security Number of police stations : 1 Number of satellite police stations: 0 Number of community policing forums: 1 If no police station in the ward: Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 97 % What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) : 97 % What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 95 % Name the models (types) of transport used in the ward : Minibus Taxis, Buses and Private cars Name the type and number of recreational facilities: How many sport facilities : 1 How many community halls are in the ward:5 How many churches are in the ward : 3 Number of formal shops in the ward : 13 Number of informal shops in the ward: 43 Number of banks in the ward: nil (only ATM services are provided) Number of informal-loan services in the ward: How many community caregivers are in the ward : 63 How many youth ambassadors are in the ward : 0 How many extension officers are in the ward: 0 How many sport volunteers are in the ward: How many sport and recreational facilities are established : Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward : 2 How many SASSA service points are there in the ward : 0

Social Welfare

How many orphans are in the ward: How many child-headed households are in the ward: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many households have gardens which are cultivated: 10 Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden: yes How many communal gardens: 3 How many communal gardens are established in the ward: How many school gardens are in the ward: How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 3 NGOs(Sakhokuhle, Enhlanhleni and Ubuntu crisis centre **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: yes School governing bodies :yes **Community Policing Forums: yes** Street forums: no Religious organizations: yes Youth organizations: yes Burial associations : yes Business organizations: yes Taxi associations: yes Cultural organizations : no Women's organizations: yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : yes Ward Meetings How many community meetings are held per quarter : 1 How many Ward Committee meetings are held per month: 1 (3rd Friday of the month, 18h00 at KK boardroom, 101 Spanal road KwaDabeka) How many War Room meeting are held per month : 1 meeting (1stThursdays of the month, at KK boardroom, 101 Spanal road KwaDabeka) War Room Office: 101 Spanal road KwaDabeka cllr's office War Room meeting venue: KK boardroom, 101 Spanal road KwaDabeka) Ward 23 EThekwini Municipality is a Category A municipality found in the South African province of KwaZulu-Natal. The area is topographically hilly, with many gorges and ravines, and almost no true coastal plain. Durban has a turbulent history dating from ivory hunters in the 1820s and their conflict with the local Zulu monarchs.

The province has the largest number of battlefields. The world-class Durban Chief Albert Luthuli International Convention Centre (ICC) has hosted a historic line-up of events including conferences of a global scale.

eThekwini is the largest City in this province and the third largest city in the country. It is a sophisticated cosmopolitan city of over 3 442 398 people (as per 2011 Census). It is known as the home of Africa's best-managed, busiest port and is also a major centre of tourism because of the city's warm subtropical climate and extensive beaches.

Its land area of 2,297 square km is comparatively larger than other South African cities. Durban Tourism is the leading domestic destination in South Africa. The estimated visitor numbers for the financial year 2010/11 is 9.95 million.

International visitors increased by 2.92 % to 669 585 for the year. This is partly to due to the 2010 World Cup, as Durban was one of the host cities. The value of our domestic tourism economic impact on the region's GDP is estimated to be 8. % per annum. Hotel occupancy in Durban for the year averaged 65.17% which is better than the national average.

Hospitality industry consists of many fine hotels, nightspots, shopping malls, ethnic attractions, traditional villages, craft markets, sparkling dams and big-game parks, such as, Mitchell Park where 100 year old Admiral tortoise is kept.

The vision for eThekwini Municipality by 2030 is to enjoy the reputation of being Africa's most caring and liveable City, where all citizens live in harmony. eThekwini Municipality core value is sustainability, economically successful city, caring city, smart city, poverty reduction and democratic & Equal city

Total coverage of the Ward

Ward 23 comprises of the land area of 45, 3 square km.

The Neighbouring wards Ward 24 of Ethekwini municipality Ward 25 of Ethekwini municipality Ward 30 of Ethekwini Municipality Ward 31 of Ethekwini municipality Ward 32 of Ethekwini municipality Number of TCs =: 0

Demography Total Population of the Ward: 24258 **Dwelling estimates: 8759** Type of dwellings in the Ward : Formal and informal The languages spoken : English, Isizulu, Isixhosa, Sotho The indication of literacy: Education Number of crèches: 23 Number of primary schools: 6 Number of secondary school :2 Number of FET Colleges: none Number of University of Technologies : none Number of Universities: 1 Number of any other learning institutions:none

Health

Number of primary health care centers : 2 Number of community health centres: none Number of hospitals: none Number of traditional healers operating in the ward : 12 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 7 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: none Number of pharmacies in the ward: 5 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 987 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 1420 Safety and Security Number of police stations : none Number of satellite police stations: 1 Number of community policing forums: 2 Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : 4

Infrastructure

What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water: all areas in the Ward What proportion of the Ward has access to sanitation (toilet): all areas in the Ward What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity : all areas in the Ward Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District : taxis and busses. Name the type and number of recreational facilities none How many sport facilities : 1 How many community halls are in the ward: none How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 5 Number of formal shops in the Ward: 12 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward : 38 and more Number of banks in the Ward: 1

Availability of gardens

How many communal gardens are established in the ward : none

Community Organizations

Does the ward have?

Sporting organizations: 1

School governing bodies: 8

Community Policing Forums: 2

Street / ward based forums: 19

Youth organizations: 1

Business organizations: none

Taxi associations: 1

Cultural organizations: 1

Women's organizations: 1

Organizations for people living with disabilities :

OSS & District Structures

How many District structures are available within the District (list):

(e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc)

How many war rooms are established: 1

Number of field workers

How many Youth Ambassadors: none

How many CDWs: 1

How many Sports Volunteers : 2

How many CCGs: 16 on stipend

How many Extension Officers: none

Ward: 37 Introduction of the Ward Location: Newlands west Total coverage of the ward: Cattle hill, Riverdene, Hillgrove, Westrich Millerene, Khulula, Bridale Total population: 40778 The neighboring wards (North, South, East, and West) : Ward 38, Ward 41 and Ward 11

Name of TLC (if any): N/A

Ward ID Number: 59200037

Ward 37 is situated in North central region under Ethekwini municipality. This ward was previously known as a well privileged ward which is no longer the case due to RDP houses and we have +/-500 households that are in Transit camps. It comprises of nine areas, Hillgrove, Westrich, Riverdene, Khulula, Earlsfield, Castle hill, Milarina, Gcinulwazi and Briadale.

Demography

Total Population of the ward: 40778 Males: 19284 Females : 21494 Type of dwellings in the ward : Formal, RDP houses and Transits camps Number of Households: 9605 The languages spoken : Zulu and English Racial Distribution: Black or African/Coloured/Indian or Asian/White Predominant Race: Indian or Asian/Black or African The indication of literacy: Moderate

Education

Number of crèches: 12 Number of primary schools: 4 Number of secondary schools: 3 Number of FET Colleges: 0 Number of University of Technologies: 0 Number of Universities: 0 Number of any other learning institutions: 01 Health Number of primary health care centers: 01 Number of community health centres: 01 Number of hospitals: 00 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 01 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 02 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 01 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 00 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 823 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 1055 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 01 Number of satellite police stations: 00 Number of community policing forums: 01 Number of Sector Forums: 06 Number of police station in the ward: 00 Crime statistics for the past three months : It is only announce by Mec Nathi Mthethwa Number of informal safety and security structures : 11 Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 9505 What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) : 9505 What proportion of the ward has access to electricity: 9448 Name the models(types) of transport used in the ward: Taxis, buses and private vehicle Name the type and number of recreational facilities: New Centre sports ground and only one How many sport facilities: 02 How many community halls are in the ward: 00 How many churches are in the ward : 10 Number of formal shops in the ward : 00 Number of informal shops in the ward: 14 Number of banks in the ward: 00 Number of informal-loan services in the ward: 00 How many community caregivers are in the ward : 09 How many youth ambassadors are in the ward: 00 How many extension officers are in the ward: 00 How many sport volunteers are in the ward: 00 How many sport and recreational facilities are established: 00 Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward: 24 How many SASSA service points are there in the ward : 00 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: 162

How many child-headed households are in the ward: 56 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : No exact stats

Availability of gardens

How many households have gardens which are cultivated: 289

Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden: Yes

How many communal gardens: 04

How many school gardens are in the ward: 00

How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 02

Community Organizations Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: Yes School governing bodies: Yes Community Policing Forums: Yes Street forums: Yes Religious organizations: Yes Youth organizations: Yes Burial associations : No Business organizations: Yes Taxi associations: Yes Cultural organizations : Yes Women's organizations: Yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : Yes

Ward Committee Structure Is the structure active: Yes Number of Meetings: 16 Ward Cllr participating: Yes

Ward Meetings

How many community meetings are held per quarter : 12 How many ward task meetings are held per month: 05 Were there any communit issues raised: Yes

WAR ROOM Is the war room functional: Yes Office Bearer structure Active: Yes Is the Champion participating: Yes Community events this year: 04

WARD: 38

MUNICIPALITY: EThekwini

PERIOD: 2011-2016

Introduction of the Ward

Ward 38 is situated in the Northern part of EThekwini Municipality. It is an urban area consisting of formal and informal settlements. Ward 38 is covering the areas of Ntuzuma "A part of B section, part of C section and last not least D section this area was formerly known as Lindelani squatter camp. Most people residing in the ward come from surrounding rural areas and were looking for employment opportunities. Houses in the ward are built with mud, concrete and some with bricks.

Location : North of the City Total coverage of the ward : 5.65 Square kilometer **Total population** : 50895 The neighboring wards (North, South, East, and West) : Ward 44 North, Ward 37 South, Ward 41 East, Ward 20 West Name of TLC (if any) : Nil Demography Total Population of the ward : 50895 Males : 24399 Females : 26496 Type of dwellings in the ward : Formal and informal The languages spoken : Zulu The indication of literacy : 24242 Education Number of crèches : 24 Number of primary schools : 6 Number of secondary schools : 1 Number of FET Colleges : Nil Number of University of Technologies : Nil Number of Universities : Nil Number of any other learning institutions : Nil Health Number of primary health care centers :1 Number of community health centers : Nil Number of hospitals :Nil Number of traditional healers operating in the ward : 25 Number of General Practitioners in the ward :1 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc. : Nil

Number of pharmacies in the ward	: Nil
Number of people receiving TB treatment	: 6000
Number of people receiving Antiretroviral	: 7024

Safety and Security		
Number of police stations	: Nil	
Number of satellite police stations	: Nil	
Number of community policing forums		:1
If no police station in the ward	:	
Crime statistics for the past three months	:	Nil
Number of informal safety and security structures : N		

Infrastructure

What proportion of the ward has access to clean water 285%
What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) : 80%
What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 70%
Name the models (types) of transport used in the ward : Taxis
Name the type and number of recreational facilities : 4 Parks
How many sport facilities : 2 sport fields
How many community halls are in the ward : 1
How many churches are in the ward : 4
Number of formal shops in the ward : 6
Number of banks in the ward : Nil
Number of informal-loan services in the ward : Nil
How many community caregivers are in the ward : 32
How many youth ambassadors are in the ward : Nil
How many extension officers are in the ward : Nil
How many sport volunteers are in the ward : Nil
How many sport and recreational facilities are established : Two
Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward : 5
How many SASSA service points are there in the ward :1

Social Welfare

How many orphans are in the ward	:2000		
How many child-headed households are in the w	/ard	: 1000)
How many people are registered to receive Socia	al Grant	s :2	2500

Availability of gardens

How many households have gardens which are cultivated	
Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden	
How many communal gardens : 11	
How many communal gardens are established in the ward	
How many school gardens are in the ward : 6	
How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility	:1

Community Organizations	
Does the ward have	
Sporting organizations	: 15
School governing bodies	: 8

Community Policing Forums	:1	
Street forums	: Nil	
Religious organizations	: Nil	
Youth organizations	: 4	
Burial associations	: two	
Business organizations	: Nil	
Taxi associations	: Two	
Cultural organizations	: 2	
Women's organizations: Nil		
Organizations for people living with disabilities :Nil		

Ward Meetings

How many community meetings are held per quarter : 1 How many ward task meetings are held per month: 1

WARD: 40 MUNICIPALITY: ETHEKWINI METRO PERIOD: 2011-2016 Introduction of the Ward Location: Ethekwini Kwamashu Total coverage of the ward : Area 2.12 (Square Kilometer) Total population: 71724 The neighboring wards (North, South, East, West): North Name of TLC (*if any*): None Ward Map (*to be inserted*): Yes

Demography Total Population of the ward: 71724 Males: 40531 Females: 31193 Type of dwellings in the ward : Formal and informal houses The languages spoken: Isizulu,Isixhosa,English, and Sisotho The indication of literacy: Education Number of crèches: 13 Number of primary schools: 04 Number of primary schools: 01 Number of FET Colleges: None Number of University of Technologies: None Number of Universities: None Number of any other learning institutions: None Health Number of primary health care centers: 01 Number of community health centres: None Number of hospitals: None Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 18 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: None Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: None Number of pharmacies in the ward: None Number of people receiving TB treatment: 165 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 1445

Safety and Security Number of police stations: None Number of satellite police stations: None Number of community policing forums: 01 If no police station in the ward: None Crime statistics for the past three months: None Number of informal safety and security structures: 02

Infrastructure

What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 98% What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) : 90% What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 90% Name the models(types) of transport used in the ward: Train, Bus and Taxis Name the type and number of recreational facilities: Kwamgqomo and ground no 5 & 6 How many sport facilities : 03 How many community halls are in the ward: None How many churches are in the ward: 07 How many churches are in the ward : 07 Number of formal shops in the ward : 04 Number of informal shops in the ward: 31 Number of banks in the ward : None Number of informal-loan services in the ward: None How many community caregivers are in the ward: 12 How many youth ambassadors are in the ward: 03 How many extension officers are in the ward: 01 How many sport volunteers are in the ward: 01 How many sport and recreational facilities are established: 01 Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward: 03 EPWP How many SASSA service points are there in the ward : None

Social Welfare

How many orphans are in the ward: 254

How many child-headed households are in the ward: 08

How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Child Support grant: 22968

: Old Age	: 1182
: Disability	: 636
: Foster Care	: 213
: Care Dependency	: 70

Availability of gardens How many households have gardens which are cultivated: 235 Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden: Yes How many communal gardens: 02 How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 02 How many school gardens are in the ward: 03 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility: 01

Community Organizations Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: Yes School governing bodies: Yes Community Policing Forums : Yes Street forums: no Religious organizations: Yes Youth organizations: Yes Burial associations : Yes Business organizations: no Taxi associations: Yes Cultural organizations : Yes Women's organizations: Yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : no

Ward Meetings How many community meetings are held per quarter: 01 How many ward task meetings are held per month: 01

<u>Ward 41</u>

DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY: ETHEKWINI No of Local Municipalities : Nil Period : AUGUST 2015 Introduction of the WARD 41

WARD 41 is situated in north Durban in ethekwini municipality.it is an urban area consisting of formal and informal settlement.ward 41 is covering the areas of k kwamashu, isiyanda camps, isolezwe place, kwamashu c section, and k ext and k buff. Most people residing in are historically victims of forcefull removal from Emkhumbane and Newlands. Some were born in the area but most of the people from surroundings area of kwazulu natal there were FROM RURAL AREAS for jobs purposes the house are built with bricks .mud and concrete.

Total coverage of the WARD The Neighbouring wards <u>Ward 38 NORTH</u> <u>Ward 40 east</u> <u>Ward 45 west</u> <u>Ward 37 south</u> Number of TACs NIL 3.31 squere km

WARD MAP. Demography Total Population of the ward : 32819 MALES: 15684 **FEMALES; 17135** TIPE OF DWELLING IN THE WARD; THE LANGUAGE SPOKEN; ZULU AND ENGLISH THE INDICATION OF LITERACY; 18601 Education Number of crèches: 13 Number of primary schools: 9 Number of secondary school: 4 Number of HIGH schools: 1 Number of FET Colleges: 0 Number of University of Technologies: 0 Number of Universities: 0 Number of any other learning institutions: SCHOOLS ONLY

Health

Number of primary health care centers: 0 Number of community health centres: 0 Number of hospitals: 0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 44 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 0 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc : Number of pharmacies in the ward: 0 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 2900 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 3800

Safety and Security Number of police stations : 0 Number of satellite police stations: 0 Number of community policing forums: 2 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: NIL Number of informal safety and security structures: 1

Infrastructure

What proportion of the WARD has access to clean water: 90% What proportion of the WARDt has access to sanitation (toilet):70% What proportion of the WARD has access to electricity 85% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the BUSES, TAXI, TRAIN, PRIVATE TRANSPORT. Name the type and number of recreational facilities How many sport facilities : 4 How many community halls are in the WARD: 2 How many churches (buildings) are in the WARD: 6 Number of formal shops in the WARD: 8 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the WARD: 26 Number of banks in the: 0 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the WARD: 900 How many child-headed households are in the: 19 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : 8500

Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the WARD: 9 How many school gardens are in the WARD : 5 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility: 0

Community Organizations Does the District have: Sporting organizations: 3 School governing bodies: 13 Community Policing Forums: 2 Street / ward based forums: 0 Religious organizations: 0 Youth organizations: 4 Business organizations: 01 Taxi associations: 0 Cultural organizations : 2 Women's organizations: 5 Organizations for people living with disabilities: 1

OSS & District Structures

How many District structures are available within the District (list): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established:

Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 0 How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers: 2 How many CCGs: 18 How many Extension Officers : 2 How many CSL :

WARD 42 PERIOD 2015 TO 16 INTRODUCTION Location: Ethekwini municipality Total coverage: ntuzuma h f j c extention, g sect and ezimangeweni Total population: 55272 The neighbouring ward: (55, 44, 43 and 54) Name of tlc: none Ward map: yes and now they divided into two with ward 107 but still is propose map DEMOGRAPHY Total population of the ward: 55272 Males: 25978 Females: 29294 Type of dwelling in the ward: formal and informal settlement The language spoken: Zulu, Xhosa and English The indication of literacy: 27635 **EDUCATION** Number of chreches: 18 Number of primary schools: 07 Number of secondary schools: 02 Number of fet: 01(nozaza) Number of university: none HEALTH Number of community care center: 1 nozaza clinic also supported by the organization that are dealing with health in the ward Number of hosipal: none Numbers of traditional healers in the ward we have but not formal structure Number of general practioners in the ward: 1 f section Number ofstep down facility such as rehab, hospice none Number of pharmacies Number of people receiving treatment tb no specific state Number of people receiving antiretroviral 2600 to 3000 the problem is that there people from the ward that they using neighbouring clincs SAFETETY AND SECURITY Number of police station: one Number of satilite police station: none Number of police community forum: 02 **INFRASTRUCURE** Portion that access clean water: 96 Portion that access sanitation: 70 Portion that access electricity: 96 Type of model transport: taxis, buses and trail Sport facilities: 02 Community hall: 02 Churches: we have but not specific number Informal shops: no sttucure but we have Care giver in the ward: 30 dsd and 18 for health Youth ambissoders: contract expired Expanded public work program: 6 for you and zibambele prog all over the ward Food for waste from cogta department 4people that was hired COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION Sporting irganization: yes School government bodies: yes Youth organization: yes Tax association Woman organization: yes Organization dealing with traditional healers: yes WAR ROOM STATUS

WARD: 43
No of Local Municipalities : Not applicable
Period : August 2015
Introduction of the District
WAR43 is situated in North Central of Ethekwini Municipality located at in the two township, Inanda and
Ntuzuma well known as a Political home during the apartheid regime, one of the previously disadvantage communities. This areas are most dominated by Zulu speaking language.

Ward 43 covers the following areas: part of Ntuzuma F, Ntuzuma D, Ntuzuma E and Piesang River.

Ward 43 It is a sophisticated cosmopolitan ward of about over 26637 people (as per 2011 Census), Its land area of 3.2 square km is within the Ethekwini Municipality.

Total coverage of the Ward 43	
The land area of 3.2 square km	
The Neighbouring wards	
Ward 38 south	
Ward 44 west	
Ward 42 east	
Ward 55 north	
Number of TACs	= 0
Namely: none	
Ward 43 Map	

Demography

Total Population of the Ward : 26637

The 2001 census divided the municipality into the following main places

Language	Population			%
<u>isiZulu</u>	2,140,294			62.82%
Gender	i			
Gender	Population		%	
Female	14118		51.13%	
Male	12520		48.87%	
Ethnic group	Population		%	

Type of dwellings in the Ward : formal and informal The languages spoken : Zulu The indication of literacy : 13846 Education Number of crèches: 11 Number of primary schools: 08 Number of secondary school: 03 Number of combined schools : 01 Number of FET Colleges: 00 Number of University of Technologies: 00 Number of Universities: 00 Number of any other learning institutions: 00

Health Number of primary health care centers: 00 Number of community health centres: 00 Number of hospitals: 00 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 07 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 00 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 00 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 00 Number of people receiving TB treatment: no records per ward Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: no records per ward

Safety and Security Number of police stations : 00 Number of satellite police stations: 00 Number of community policing forums: 01 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: they provide to the public Number of informal safety and security structures: 00

Infrastructure

What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water: 81% What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): 85% What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity : 95% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward: Buses, Taxis, Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 02 Soccer, 03 Tennis, 04 parks How many sport facilities : 09 How many community halls are in the Ward: 00 How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 06 Number of formal shops in the Ward: tuck shop only and foraign nationals Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward: 15 Number of banks in the Ward: 00

Social Welfare

How many orphans are in the Ward: no information per ward How many child-headed households are in the Ward: no information per ward Awailability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the Ward: 08 How many school gardens are in the Ward: 01 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 00 Community Organizations Does the Ward have : Sporting organizations: 01 School governing bodies: 12 Community Policing Forums: 01 Street / ward based forums: 00 Religious organizations: 00 Youth organizations: 03 Business organizations: 00 Taxi associations: 01 Cultural organizations: 01 Women's organizations: 03 Organizations for people living with disabilities: 01

OSS & District Structures How many District structures are available within the District (*list*): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: 01

Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 00 How many CDWs: 01 How many Sports Volunteers : 01 How many CCGs: 22 How many Extension Officers : 00 How many CSL: 00

WARD: 44 MUNICIPALITY: ETHEKWINI PERIOD: 28 AUGUST 2015 Introduction of the Ward

Ward 44 is situated in the Northern part of eThekwini Municipality. It comprises of urban and semi-urban areas with formal and informal settlements respectively. The area is topographically hilly, with many valleys and rifts far removed from the sea-side view. Ward 44 is covering the areas which were predominantly privately owned. As a result, the process of development was delayed by negotiations for land transactions in most areas.

When the land was made available to the government for development, a visible rise in population in the areas, propelled by unprecedented immigration as from 1995 changed all the demographic pattern. Rural urban migration was high, people looking for living opportunities. Foreign nationals rose in numbers, exacerbating even more strain to the limited local resources, particularly to the residential land. As the current total population of the ward is estimated at 165 946, the dependency ratio is 3.3.

Adjacent wards are 03, 43, 46 and 55. At least 98% of people residing in the ward are African people. They mostly Zulu speaking people. Some of them are from the rural areas migrating to urban areas for employment opportunities. Houses in the ward are built with blocks, very few with bricks, mud and corrugated iron.

Location: EThekwini North-Central GPC: 29,721 Degrees South, and 30,938 Degrees East Total coverage of the ward: 17,39 Square Km Areas of the ward

: Stop Eight, part of Inanda Newtown A, Namibia, Machobeni,Mkhuphulangwenya,Inanda Glebe, InandaMission, Inanda Mission Reserve, Piesang Farm, Emaplazini and Matshamhlophe. The neighboring wards (North, South, East, and West): 46; 43; 55; 03 Name of TLC (if any): nil Ward Map (to be inserted): Cannot be e-mailed Ward map will be submitted separately. Demography Total Population of the ward: 165 946 Males: 73 082 Females : 92 864 Type of dwellings in the ward: 65%-bricks; 32%- mud The languages spoken: Predominantly isiZulu The indication of literacy: 24 367 Education Number of crèches: 14 (6 funded) Number of primary schools: 7 Number of secondary schools: 2 Number of FET Colleges: 0 Number of University of Technologies: 0 Number of Universities: 0 Number of any other learning institutions: 0 Health Number of primary health care centers: 1 Number of community health centres: 0 Number of hospitals: 0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: +- 34 (8registered) Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 1 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc : 0 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 0 Number of people receiving TB treatment: +- 1250 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: +- 6140 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 0 Number of satellite police stations: 0 Number of community policing forums: 4 (not fully functional) If no police station in the ward: Crime statistics for the past three months: Not yet obtained Number of informal safety and security structures : unknown Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 98% What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet): 62% What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 98% Name the models (types) of transport used in the ward: Municipal buses and taxis Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 1 - sports field How many sport facilities : 1 How many community halls are in the ward: 1 How many churches are in the ward : 6 Number of formal shops in the ward : 6 Number of informal shops in the ward: 64 Number of banks in the ward : 0 Number of informal-loan services in the ward: unknown

How many community caregivers are in the ward: 56 (42 on stipend) How many youth ambassadors are in the ward : 0 How many extension officers are in the ward: 1 How many sport volunteers are in the ward: 2 (on stipend) How many sport and recreational facilities are established: 2 (1 hall and 1 sports field) Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward: 11 How many SASSA service points are there in the ward : 1 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: 106 How many child-headed households are in the ward: 14 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Total- 49213 whole areas of jurisdiction; (+-8900- ward 44 alone) Availability of gardens How many households have gardens which are cultivated: +- 2 500 Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden: Yes How many communal gardens: 12 existing How many communal gardens are established in the ward: Two more currently being established How many school gardens are in the ward: 7 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 2 (for NGOs) **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: Yes, but not very active School governing bodies: Yes Community Policing Forums: Yes, but not active as required Street forums: Yes, but not very active **Religious organizations: Yes** Youth organizations: Yes **Burial associations: Yes** Business organizations: Yes Taxi associations: Yes Cultural organizations : Yes Women's organizations: Yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : Yes Ward Meetings How many community meetings are held per quarter : 1 How many ward task meetings are held per month: 1 Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 0 How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers: 2 How many CCGs: 33 Health CCG's on stipend How many Extension Officers : 1 How many CSL : 4

Ward: 46
No of Local Municipalities: Not applicable
Period: August 2015
Introduction of the District
WAR46 is situated in North Central of Ethekwini Municipality located at an Oldest township well known as a
Political home during the apartheid regime, one of the previously disadvantage townships, and have 98%
population are African (Zulu speakers) and also have up to 90% of formal dwelling with proper running
sewerage, proper infrastructures includes Water, Electricity, access roads, Transport, play lots and parks.

Ward 46 covers the following areas: small portion of Kwamashu section A known as CRU (hostel), Kwamashu section E, large part of Kwamashu section F and Kwamashu G section

Ward 46 It is a sophisticated cosmopolitan ward of about over 22609 people (as per 2011 Census), Its land area of 2,9 square km is within the Ethekwini Municipality.

Total coverage of the Ward 46 The land area of 2, 9 square km The Neighbouring wards Ward 39 east Ward 40 south Ward 45 west Ward 47 north Number of TACs= 0 Namely: none Ward 46 Map Demography Total Population of the Ward: 22609

The 2001 census divided the municipality into the following main places

Place		Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
Language	Population			%	
<u>isiZulu</u>	2,140,294			62.82%	
<u>English</u>	912,173			26.77%	
<u>isiXhosa</u>	133,136			3.91%	
<u>Other</u>	44,850			1.32%	
<u>Sign Language</u>	16,486			0.48%	

Gender

Gender	Population	%
Female	11541	51.13%
Male	11068	48.87%
Ethnic group	Population	%
Black African	22304	89.7%
Indian/Asian	04	0.1%
White	02	0.1%
Coloured	201	9%

0	th	er

1%

Type of dwellings in the Ward: 92.1 % (4353), in a formal dwelling The languages spoken: Zulu The indication of literacy: 12996 Education Number of crèches: 13 Number of primary schools: 06 Number of secondary school: 02 Number of combined schools : 00 Number of FET Colleges: 01 (Isivananda FET College) Number of University of Technologies: 00 Number of Universities: 00 Number of any other learning institutions: 00 Health Number of primary health care centers: 01 Number of community health centres: 00 Number of hospitals: 00 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 18 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 02 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 01 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 00 Number of people receiving TB treatment : Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: Safety and Security Number of police stations : 01 Number of satellite police stations: 00 Number of community policing forums: 01 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: 00 Number of informal safety and security structures: 00 Infrastructure What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water: 98.6% What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): 98% What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity : 91.3% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward: Train, Buses, Taxis, Bicycles and Walking Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 04 Soccer, 01 Tennis, 01 Netball and 03 aerobics How many sport facilities : 09 How many community halls are in the Ward: 02 How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 13 Number of formal shops in the Ward: 06 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward: 19 Number of banks in the Ward: 00 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the Ward: How many child-headed households are in the Ward: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants :

Availability of gardens

How many communal gardens are established in the Ward: 06

How many school gardens are in the Ward : 07 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 01 **Community Organizations** Does the Ward have : Sporting organizations: 02 School governing bodies: 11 **Community Policing Forums: 01** Street / ward based forums: 09 **Religious organizations: 15** Youth organizations: 07 **Business organizations: 03** Taxi associations: 01 Cultural organizations : 01 Women's organizations: 04 Organizations for people living with disabilities: 02 **OSS & District Structures** How many District structures are available within the District (*list*): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: 01 Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 00 How many CDWs: 01 How many Sports Volunteers: 01 How many CCGs: 09 How many Extension Officers : 00 How many CSL: 00 WARD: 52 MUNICIPALITY: ETHEKWINI PERIOD: AUGUST 2015 Introduction of the Ward Location: Phoenix North of Durban City Centre Total coverage of the ward: 4.75 (Square Kilometres)

Total population: 35294 The neighboring wards (North, South, East, and West): Ward 53, 57, 54, 48, 49 Demography Total Population of the ward: 35294 Males: 16990 Females : 18304 Type of dwellings in the ward : Urban Formal The languages spoken: English, Zulu, Xhosa The indication of literacy: 19180 Education

Number of crèches: 20

Number of primary schools: 8 Primary Schools namely: Allingham Brookdale, Esselen Heights, Highstone, Northlen, Lenham, Phoenix Heights and Wetstone Primary.

Number of secondary schools: 5 Secondary Schools namely: Brookdale, Crystal Point, Lenarea, Northmead and Westham Secondary.

Number of FET Colleges: 0

Number of University of Technologies: 0 Number of Universities: 0 Number of any other learning institutions: 1 Health Number of primary health care centers: 1 Number of community health centres: 1 (Phoenix Community Health Centre) Number of hospitals: 0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 7 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 7 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc : 2 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 3 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 124 (for the Month of August only at PCHC, No ward specific statistics) Number of Phila Mntwana sites: 4 (Gozololo Creche, Disney Junior, Allingham Primary School Creche and Brookdale. Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 4995, 4883(Adults) 112 (Children) (this is the statistics from Phoenix Community Health Centre, No ward statistic is available at the moment. Safety and Security Number of police stations : 0 Number of satellite police stations: 0 Number of community policing forums: 1 If no police station in the ward: Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water : 97 % What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) : 97 % What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 95 % Name the models (types) of transport used in the ward : Minibus Taxis, Buses and Private cars Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 7 How many sport facilities : 8 How many community halls are in the ward:1 How many churches are in the ward : 18 Number of formal shops in the ward : 13 Number of informal shops in the ward: 43 Number of banks in the ward : nil (only ATM services are provided) Number of informal-loan services in the ward: How many community caregivers are in the ward: 12 How many youth ambassadors are in the ward: 0 How many extension officers are in the ward: 2 (but their contracts are being terminated) How many sport volunteers are in the ward: How many sport and recreational facilities are established : Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward : 6 Ethekwini Municipality Safer Cities (EPWP) Volunteers, 7 Lovelife Ground Breakers. How many SASSA service points are there in the ward : 0 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward How many child-headed households are in the ward: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants :

Availability of gardens

How many households have gardens which are cultivated: 22

Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden: yes

How many communal gardens:1

How many communal gardens are established in the ward:

How many school gardens are in the ward: 3

How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility 1

Community Organizations

Does the ward have:

Sporting organizations: yes

School governing bodies: yes

Community Policing Forums: yes

Street forums: yes

Religious organizations: yes

Youth organizations: yes

Burial associations: yes

Business organizations: yes

Taxi associations: yes

Cultural organizations : yes

Women's organizations: yes

Organizations for people living with disabilities : yes

Ward Meetings

How many community meetings are held per quarter : 1

How many Ward Committee meetings are held per month: 1 (Last Saturday every month, 8.30 am at Ward Councillor's Office (2 Cardham Drive Lenham Phoenix)

How many War Room meeting are held per month: 2 meeting (Are Held fortnightly, First and third Thursdays of the month)

War Room Office: Phoenix Community Health Centre (Wethstone Phoenix)

War Room meeting venue: Word and Worship Centre (Nortcroft Phoenix)

Compiled by SIMISO GWAMANDA (CDW WARD 52 ETHEKWINI)

Ward 54

Period: August 2015

Introduction of the Ward

Ward 54 is situated in the Northern part of eThekwini Municipality. It is an urban area consisting of formal and informal settlements. Ward 54 is covering the areas of Inanda Newtown C, Nhlungwane, Mzomusha, Part of Besters (area 1, 2 and 4), Redfern, Ferndale (Phoenix) and Sizamazulu. The total population of the ward is 34 000 and the dependency ratio is 3.2

Most people residing in the ward come from surrounding rural areas and were looking for employment opportunities. Houses in the ward are built with mud, concrete and some with bricks.

The Neighbouring Wards Ward 42 to the north Ward 52 to the east Ward 47 to the south Ward 43 to the west Number of areas : 5 Namely: Nhlungwane Mzomusha Newtown C Bester (area 1, 2 and 4) Ferndale

Demography

Total Population of the Ward : 34 000

The ward id divided into the following areas:

Place	Most spoken language
Nhlungwane	Isi <u>Zulu</u>
Mzomusha	IsiZulu
Bester	<u>IsiZulu</u>
Newtown C	<u>IsiZulu</u>
Ferndale	English

Language	%				
<u>isiZulu</u>	72%	72%			
<u>English</u>	20%				
<u>isiXhosa</u>	4.98%	4.98%			
<u>Sesotho</u>	1%				
Other	1%				
Gender					
Gender	%				
Female	54%				
Male		46%			

Ethnic group	%
Black African	81%
Indian/Asian	18%
White	0%
Coloured	1%
Other	0.41%

Type of dwellings in the Ward: Formal, Informal (shacks) and Traditional The languages spoken: IsiZulu, IsiXhosa and English The indication of literacy: 53% Education Number of crèches: 8 Number of primary schools: 3 Number of secondary school: 1 Number of High schools: 1 Number of FET Colleges: 0 Health Number of community health centres: 2 Number of hospitals: 0 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 27 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 3 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc.: 1 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 1 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 74 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: n/a Safety and Security Number of police stations : 0 Number of satellite police stations: 1 Number of community policing forums: 4 Infrastructure What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water: 92.6% What proportion of the Ward has access to proper sanitation (toilets): 37% What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity: 98% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward: Taxis, Buses and Trains Name the type and number of recreational facilities: Sports field 1 How many sport facilities : 2 How many community halls are in the Ward: 4 How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 3 Number of formal shops in the Ward: 7 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward: 15 Number of banks in the Ward: 5 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the Ward: 29 How many child-headed households are in the Ward: 8 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : n/a Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the Ward: 3 How many school gardens are in the District: 5 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 2 **Community Organizations** Does the Ward have: Sporting organizations: 8 School governing bodies: 7 **Community Policing Forums: 4** Street / ward based forums: 4 Religious organizations: 2 Youth organizations: 4 **Business organizations: 7** Taxi associations: 2 Cultural organizations : 9 Women's organizations: 11 Organizations for people living with disabilities : 2 **OSS & District Structures** How many District structures are available within the District (list) : 0 How many war rooms are established: 1

Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 0 How many CDWs: 1 How many Community Mobilisers: 1 How many EPWPs : 9 How many Sports Volunteers : 1 How many CCGs: 11 How many Extension Officers : 0 How many CSL : 0 **WARD: 55** MUNICIPALITY: Ethekwini **PERIOD: 2013** Introduction of the Ward Location: North Central Total coverage of the ward : Total population: 61682 The neighboring wards (North, South, East, and West):44, 57, 42, 43 Name of TLC (if any): none Ward Map (to be inserted) : Demography Total Population of the ward: 61682 Males: 28990 Females: 32692 Type of dwellings in the ward : Formal & informal The languages spoken: IsiZulu The indication of literacy: 30113 Education Number of crèches: 9 Number of primary schools: 4 Number of secondary schools: 1 Number of FET Colleges: nil Number of University of Technologies: nil Number of Universities: nil Number of any other learning institutions: nil Health Number of primary health care centers: nil Number of community health centers: 1 Number of hospice: 1 Number of hospitals: nil Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 1 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: nil Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 2 Number of pharmacies in the ward: nil Number of people receiving TB treatment: information is with the Newtown A clinic Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: Information is with the Newtown A clinic Safety and Security

Number of police stations : nil

Number of satellite police stations: 1 Number of community policing forums: 1 If no police station in the ward: Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures: 1 (safety committee) Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 100% What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) :60% What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 95% Name the models (types) of transport used in the ward: Public (taxis and buses) Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 4 parks How many sport facilities : 3 How many community halls are in the ward: 1 How many churches are in the ward : 4 How many churches are in the ward : Number of formal shops in the ward : nil Number of informal shops in the ward: 7 Number of banks in the ward : nil Number of informal-loan services in the ward: nil How many community caregivers are in the ward: 21 How many youth ambassadors are in the ward : nil How many extension officers are in the ward: nil How many sport volunteers are in the ward: nil How many sport and recreational facilities are established: 3 Specify how many other fieldworkers are in the ward: 3 EPWP field workers How many SASSA service points are there in the ward : 2 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: 303 How many child-headed households are in the ward: information is with DSD How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : information is with SASSA Availability of gardens How many households have gardens which are cultivated: 9 Is the community aware of the one-home, one garden: yes How many communal gardens: 7 How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 7 How many school gardens are in the ward: 2 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 1 **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: yes School governing bodies: yes Community Policing Forums: yes Street forums: no Religious organizations: yes Youth organizations: yes Burial associations : no Business organizations: no Taxi associations: yes Cultural organizations : yes

Women's organizations: yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : yes Ward Meetings How many community meetings are held per quarter: 6 How many ward task meetings are held per month: 1

WARD: 56 Period: 2015 Introduction of ward 56

Ward 56 forms part of the 18 wards community areas which fall within INK area, which was proclaimed as a Presidential nodal area. Ward 56 is serviced by two ABM's (Area Based Management) INK and Rural AMB. Ward has 12 VD's (Voting Districts) named Sekusile, Phola, ZCC, Full Gospel, Amatikwe Hall, Qinisweni, Sthabile, Snenhlanhla, Tea Estate, Congo, Siyabonga crèche and Ntobeko crèche. Areas that fall under the INK ABM are Stop 8, Stop 8/Namibia, Namibia, Congo, Amatikwe and Ngoqokazi. Phola, Etafuleni and Tea Estate are only three areas which are semi rural and are serviced by rural ABM. Ward 56 has a population of approximately 84 000. The greater part of this ward is an informal settlement with a huge sector of the community which is unemployed. The high rate of unemployment is viewed as a major contributing factor to the escalation of poverty, crime and hiv/aids within our humble society.

In 2009 the provincial government started a programme of integrating all departments to focus on solving community problems from the ground (Operation Sukuma Sakhe). The campaign is aimed at promoting human values, fighting crime, diseases and social ills to ensure moral regeneration. As part of this programme, all government departments work together visiting the poorest, most deprived households in our province to bring health, welfare and other services to them. Operation Sukuma Sakhe encompasses: the "One Home One Garden programme"; ensures that families get assisted to register for birth certificates and Identity Documents; promotes education, skills development and youth development and emphasizes the delivery of services and infrastructure development. As a plan, each ward has to have a war room/s. Ward 56 war room is at the address written below and all other directions (GPS Co-ordiates).

Ngoqokazi Community Hall Office of the Councilor 041103 Amatikwe Area Inanda 4310 **GPS CO-ORDINATES** Longitude : 30.93491 Latitude : 29.6906 Location : 1.8 ml Total coverage of the District: eThekwini LM comprises of the land area of 2,297 square km, which is comparatively larger than other South African cities. The Neighbouring wards are: Ward 03 Ward 44 Ward 55 Ward 59 Number of TACs =: 01 Namely: Qadi TC

Demography

Total Population of the District : 3 442 398

The 2001 census divided the municipality into the following main places

Place	Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
Adams Mission	<u>57201</u>	1.56	631	Zulu
<u>Amalanga</u>	<u>57202</u>	17.75	1,340	Zulu
<u>Amanzimtoti</u>	<u>57203</u>	10.16	13,437	English
Amaotana	<u>57204</u>	1.39	10,643	<u>Xhosa</u>
Amawoti	<u>57205</u>	0.94	1,038	Zulu
Assegay	<u>57206</u>	34.03	2,930	English
<u>Blackburn</u>	<u>57207</u>	0.54	0	-
Bothas Hill	<u>57208</u>	7.38	1,992	English
Cato Ridge	<u>57209</u>	19.85	1,059	Zulu
Cele/Vumengazi	<u>57210</u>	63.16	15,099	Zulu
Chatsworth	<u>57211</u>	47.05	192,166	English
<u>Cibane</u>	<u>57212</u>	8.66	1,050	Zulu
<u>Clansthal</u>	<u>57213</u>	0.79	272	English
<u>Clermont</u>	<u>57214</u>	9.19	57,536	Zulu
Dassenhoek Part 1	<u>57294</u>	5.71	6,823	Zulu
<u>Dassenhoek</u> Part 2	<u>57215</u>	5.38	22,462	Zulu
Desainager	<u>57216</u>	2.06	994	English
Drummond	<u>57217</u>	16.41	1,943	English
Durban	<u>57218</u>	226.51	536,644	English
Elangeni	<u>57219</u>	9.03	2,249	Zulu
Emalangeni	<u>57220</u>	39.60	3,606	Zulu
Embo/Nksalsimahla	<u>57221</u>	66.57	9,771	Zulu
<u>Emona</u>	<u>57222</u>	3.84	3,188	Zulu
Ezembeni	<u>57224</u>	14.39	2,918	Zulu
Folweni	<u>57225</u>	3.46	28,759	Zulu
<u>Gcumisa</u>	<u>57226</u>	3.81	593	Zulu
<u>Genazano</u>	<u>57227</u>	0.95	2,866	English
<u>Hambanathi</u>	<u>57228</u>	1.37	8,568	Zulu
<u>Hazelmere</u>	<u>57229</u>	1.79	5,128	Zulu
Hillcrest	<u>57230</u>	10.01	5,341	English
<u>llanga</u>	<u>57231</u>	12.60	12,236	Zulu
Inanda	<u>57232</u>	24.43	153,098	Zulu
Inchanga	<u>57233</u>	10.81	21,987	Zulu
Iqadi	<u>57234</u>	113.13	44,532	Zulu
<u>Khabazela</u>	<u>57235</u>	7.31	250	Zulu
<u>Kingsburgh</u>	<u>57236</u>	18.92	23,812	Zulu

Place	Code	Area (km²)	Population	Most spoken language
<u>Klaarwater</u>	<u>57237</u>	12.31	12,169	Zulu
Kloof	<u>57238</u>	63.86	35,623	English
Kwadabeka	<u>57239</u>	11.82	52,617	Zulu
KwaMakhutha	57240	8.02	43,781	Zulu
Kwa-Mashu	<u>57241</u>	18.80	175,913	Zulu
KwaNdengezi	57242	7.99	31,528	Zulu
La Mercy	<u>57243</u>	29.09	2,104	English
Lamontville	57244	4.18	32,991	Zulu
Luganda	<u>57245</u>	3.13	6,121	Zulu
Luthuli/Umnini Trust	57246	38.45	23,008	Zulu
Macala-Gwala	<u>57247</u>	15.80	9,359	Zulu
Magabeni	<u>57248</u>	1.56	4,933	Zulu
Malagazi	<u>57249</u>	3.44	15,681	Zulu
Mangangeni/Vumazonke	<u>57250</u>	8.39	3,111	Zulu
Maphephetha	<u>57251</u>	54.01	9,814	Zulu
Maphunulo	57252	4.69	1,769	Zulu
Mawotana	<u>57253</u>	2.33	8,913	Zulu
<u>Mawothi</u>	<u>57254</u>	11.40	40,465	Zulu
Molweni	<u>57255</u>	11.40	12,975	Zulu
Mount Moreland	57256	0.77	273	English
Mpolo	<u>57257</u>	1.92	6,914	Zulu
Mpumalanga	<u>57258</u>	38.30	99,720	Zulu
Mt Edgecombe	<u>57259</u>	12.89	3,874	English
<u>Mwawine</u>	<u>57260</u>	0.70	1,460	Xhosa
Naidooville	<u>57261</u>	1.12	2,417	English
New Germany	<u>57262</u>	9.13	12,592	English
Newlands East	<u>57263</u>	10.23	22,444	English
Newlands West	<u>57264</u>	12.62	37,425	English
Ngcolosi	<u>57265</u>	47.90	20,166	Zulu
<u>Ngqungqulu</u>	<u>57266</u>	3.44	1,455	Zulu
Ntshongweni	<u>57267</u>	13.71	201	English
<u>Ntuzuma</u>	<u>57268</u>	17.60	114,579	Zulu
<u>Oceans</u>	<u>57269</u>	0.20	823	Zulu
<u>Phoenix</u>	57270	29.65	169,163	English
<u>Pinetown</u>	<u>57271</u>	71.85	100,037	Zulu
<u>Qadi</u>	<u>57272</u>	17.34	7,170	Zulu
<u>Qiniselani Manyuswa</u>	<u>57273</u>	53.72	25,878	Zulu
<u>Queensburgh</u>	<u>57274</u>	18.76	29,519	English

Place	Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
<u>Redcliffe</u>	<u>57275</u>	2.22	2,800	Zulu
<u>Roseneath</u>	57276	5.06	7,303	English
Siyanda	57277	1.13	12,924	Zulu
Sobonakhona	<u>57278</u>	179.40	64,162	Zulu
<u>Thoyana</u>	<u>57279</u>	8.98	7,886	Zulu
Tongaat Beach	<u>57281</u>	0.64	735	English
Tongaat	57280	14.99	41,055	English
<u>Tshelimnyama</u>	57282	3.65	12,731	Zulu
<u>Umbumbulu</u>	57283	0.43	304	Zulu
<u>Umdloti</u>	57284	0.96	1,939	English
<u>Umgababa</u>	<u>57285</u>	2.63	4,059	Zulu
<u>Umhlanga</u>	<u>57286</u>	15.00	15,387	English
Umkomaas	57287	7.44	3,027	English
<u>Umlazi</u>	<u>57288</u>	46.55	388,687	Zulu
<u>Verulam</u>	57289	26.11	54,645	English
<u>Westbrook</u>	57290	1.56	1,266	English
Westville	57291	31.03	37,517	English
<u>Ximba</u>	57292	95.29	34,557	Zulu
Remainder of the municipality	<u>57223</u>	352.66	23,209	Zulu
Language		Population		%
<u>isiZulu</u>		2,140,294		62.82%
<u>English</u>		912,173		26.77%
<u>isiXhosa</u>		133,136		3.91%
<u>Afrikaans</u>		58,688		1.72%
<u>Other</u>		44,850		1.32%
<u>isiNdebele</u>		638,380		1.13%
<u>Sesotho</u>		30,878		0.91%
<u>Setswana</u>		17,358		0.51%
<u>Sign Language</u>		16,486		0.48%
<u>Sepedi</u> siSwati		6,671		0.20%
<u>siSwati</u> Xitsonga		2,651 3,773		0.08% 0.11%
<u>Xitsonga</u> <u>TshiVenda</u>		1,737		0.11%
Gender		1,757		0.0070
	pulation			%
	' '59,955			51.13%
	582,406			48.87%
	, -			

Ethnic group	Population	%
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Black African	2,540,441	73.80%
Indian/Asian	573,334	16.66%
White	228,406	6.64%
Coloured	85,908	2.50%
Other	14,272	0.41%

Type of dwellings in the District : The languages spoken The indication of literacy : Education Number of crèches: 63 Number of primary schools: 342 Number of secondary school: 197 Number of combined schools : 28 Number of FET Colleges: 01 (eThekwini FET) Asherville campus Cato Manor Campus Cantec Campus Melbourne **Skills** Centre Springfield Umbilo Number of University of Technologies: 02 Number of Universities: 01 Number of any other learning institutions: Health Number of primary health care centers: 153 Number of community health centres: 79 Number of hospitals: 31 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 692 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 752 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 21 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 142 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 7 602 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 14 000 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 83 Number of satellite police stations: 33 Number of community policing forums: 103 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures :71 Infrastructure What proportion of the District has access to clean water : What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): What proportion of the District has access to electricity: Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District : Name the type and number of recreational facilities: How many sport facilities :

- How many community halls are in the District:
- How many churches (buildings) are in the District:
- Number of formal shops in the District:
- Number of informal shops (spazza) in the District:
- Number of banks in the District:
- Social Welfare
- How many orphans are in the District:
- How many child-headed households are in the District:
- How many people are registered to receive Social Grants :
- Availability of gardens
- How many communal gardens are established in the District: 311
- How many school gardens are in the District:
- How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 65
- **Community Organizations**
- Does the District have:
- Sporting organizations:
- School governing bodies:
- Community Policing Forums:
- Street / ward based forums:
- **Religious organizations:**
- Youth organizations:
- Business organizations: one (ward 56 business forum)
- Taxi associations: three (Durban taxi liner, KwaMashu taxi association and Verulam taxi association)
- Cultural organizations : one (
- Women's organizations: none
- Organizations for people living with disabilities : none
- OSS & District Structures
- How many District structures are available within the District (*list*):
- (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc)
- How many war rooms are established: one
- Number of field workers
- How many Youth Ambassadors: none
- How many CDWs: 01
- How many Sports Volunteers: none
- How many CCGs: CCG's on stipend
- How many Extension Officers :
- How many CSL :

WARD: 57

No of Local Municipalities: Not applicable

Period: August 2015

Introduction of the ward

Ward 57 is a combination of urban, semi-urban and informal settlement. It consists of the following areas: Bhambayi, Bhekinqola, Geneva/ amaoti, Langalibalele, White city, Tanzania, Mozambique and Zambia. Ward 57 houses are built with bricks, mud and corrugated iron. Bhekinqola is the area that is mostly owned with land owners; as a result it is the only area that is not developed. Services

Post 1994 when demarcation was born, Councillors were introduced as catalysts of development. They work at improving living condition of the people by bringing in essential/ basic services to the people such as water, housing and electricity.

The Neighbouring wards Ward 53 Ward 55 Ward 56 Number of TACs =: 00 Demography Total Population of the ward is 40 934 The <u>2001 census</u> divided the ward into the following <u>areas</u>

Place		Most spoken language	
Bhambayi		isiXhosa	
Langalibalele		Zulu	
Geneva/ Amaoti		Zulu	
Tanzania		Zulu	
Zambia		Zulu	
Mozambique		Zulu	
Bhekinqola		Zulu	
White City		Zulu	
Language	Population		%
<u>isiZulu</u>			
English			
isiXhosa			
Afrikaans	0		0%
<u>Other</u>			
<u>isiNdebele</u>			
<u>Sesotho</u>			
<u>Setswana</u>			
Sign Language			
<u>Sepedi</u>			
<u>siSwati</u>			
<u>Xitsonga</u>			
<u>Tshivenda</u>			

Gender

Gender	Population	%
Female	21664	60%
Male	19270	40%

Ethnic group	Population	%
Black African		
Indian/Asian		
White	0	0%
Coloured		
Other		

Type of dwellings in the ward: urban, semi-urban and informal

- The languages spoken: isiZulu, isiXhosa, Sesotho, English, Swahili, isiNdebele and isiMpondo
- The indication of literacy: 40%

Education

Number of crèches: 08

Number of primary schools: 04

Number of secondary school: 02

Number of combined schools : 00

Number of FET Colleges: 01 Elangeni College

Number of University of Technologies: 00

Number of Universities: 00

Number of any other learning institutions: 00

Health

Number of primary health care centres: 01

Number of community health centres: 00

Number of hospitals: 00

Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 01

Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 01

Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc.: 00

Number of pharmacies in the ward: 00

Number of people receiving TB treatment:

Number of people receiving Antiretroviral:

Safety and Security Number of police stations : 00 Number of satellite police stations: 00 Number of community policing forums: 01 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : 01 Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 11873 What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet): 6094 What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 4832 Name the modes (types) of transport used in the ward: buses, taxis and private cars Name the type and number of recreational facilities: Parks 02 and 01 play lot How many sport facilities: 02 How many community halls are in the ward: 01 How many churches (buildings) are in the ward: 03 Number of formal shops in the ward: 00 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the ward : Number of banks in the ward: 01 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: 40 How many child-headed households are in the ward: 00 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the District : 04 How many school gardens are in the ward: 01 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 01 **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: Yes School governing bodies: Yes **Community Policing Forums: Yes** Street / ward based forums: No Religious organizations: No Youth organizations: Yes **Business organizations: No** Taxi associations: Yes Cultural organizations: Yes Women's organizations: Yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : Yes

- How many ward structures are available within the District (*list*):
- (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc)
- How many war rooms are established: 01
- Number of field workers

OSS & ward Structures

- How many Youth Ambassadors: 00
- How many CDWs: 01
- How many Sports Volunteers :
- How many CCGs: 20
- How many Extension Officers : 01
- How many CSL: 01

WARD: 61

Ward 61 is the village called Tongaat in the Province of KwaZulu Natal situated in the North Region of Ethekwini Municipality .Ward 61 has approximately 37000 population dominated by Indian Communities who are living in formal sectors of the ward and others living in pension cottages. The ward consist of 13 areas or voting stations, 8 of them are from Indian townships and 5 from informal settlements the most disadvantaged communities who are working as domestic workers and gardeners in the nearby formal Indian communities. Most people from informal settlements are illiterate. The ward got clothing factories that always retrench workers and others close down due to economic downfall. Ward consist of 1 Ward Councillor and 3 Proportional Representative (PR) Councillors in the Councill.

THE NEIGHBOURING WARDS

THE NEIGHBOOKING WARDS	
Ward 60 to the South	
King Shaka Airport to the west	
Ward 62 to the North	
Number of TACs- None	
DEMOGRAPHY	
Total Population of the Ward	: 3 7000
Most spoken Langauge:	English
WARD AREAS	
AREA	LANGUAGE
Belvedere	English
Buffelsdale	English
Shrimathi	English
Flambel	English
Trubel	English
Frostly	IsiXhosa
Gwalas Farm	IsiZulu
Umbhayi	IsiXhosa
Caneland	IsiZulu
Zamokuhle	IsiZulu
Brake village	English
Mitchford	English
Tongaat	English
The state of the second state of the state o	Former Flots Informed
Type of dwellings in the Ward:	
The languages spoken : Engli	
The indication of literacy: 28	266
Education	
Number of crèches: 28	
Number of primary schools: 7	
1	:2
FET Centers: 2 P.C Training Col	lege & KZN Training Center

Health

Number of primary health care centers: 1

Number of community health centres: 1

Number of hospitals: None

Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 64

Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 178

Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: None

Number of pharmacies in the ward: 4 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 566 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 1800 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 1 Number of satellite police stations: None Number of community policing forums: 2 Crime statistics for the past three months: 30 Number of informal safety and security structures : 4 Infrastructure What proportion of the District has access to clean water : Formal Sector What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): Formal Sector What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity: Formal Sector Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward: Taxis/ Buses Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 1 How many sport facilities : 2 How many community halls are in the Ward: 3 : How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 58 Number of formal shops in the Ward: 37 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward: 49 Number of banks in the Ward: 6 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the Ward: 39 How many child-headed households are in the ward: 8 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : 36 Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the Ward : 3 How many school gardens are in the Ward : 7 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 3 **Community Organizations** Sporting organizations: 6 School governing bodies: 9 **Community Policing Forums: 3** Street / ward based forums: 3 **Religious organizations: 2** Youth organizations: 2 **Business organizations: 2** Taxi associations: 1 Cultural organizations: 4 Women's organizations: 2 Organizations for people living with disabilities : 2 **OSS & WARD STRUCTURES** War room: 1 Ward Aids Councill: Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: None How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers : 1 How many CCGs: 20 CCG's on stipend

How many Extension Officers : 7 EPWP How many CSL: 1

Type of dwellings in the Ward

WARD 67 Period: August 2015 Introduction of the Ward Ward 67 is a ward that has Rural and Semi-rural area, it is the ward within eThekwini District in the area of south region, it is the ward tha has 1 ward councillor Mr.H.T Cele and has 3 Traditional Leaders namely iNkosi Maphumulo, iNkosi Hlengwa, and iNkosi Makhanya It has an estimated population of 34900 people, about 75% womens and 35% about 64% kids are school gowers and 20% are not schooling and 16% are in colleges About 36% working and 64% are not working Ward 67 has about 90% Black People and 10% coloured Dwelling estimates: 9032

: Miscellenius

The languages spoken : Zulu and English Education Number of crèches: 51 Number of primary schools: 08 Number of secondary school : 05 Number of FET Colleges: 01 Number of University of Technologies: none Number of Universities: none Number of any other learning institutions: none Health Number of primary health care centers: none Number of community health centres: none Number of hospitals: none Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 18 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 01 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: none Number of pharmacies in the ward: none Number of people receiving TB treatment: 87 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 27 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 01 Number of satellite police stations: none Number of community policing forums: 03 Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures: Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 100% What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet): 100% What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : 95% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the ward: taxis and busses. Name the type and number of recreational facilities: none How many sport facilities : 03

How many community halls are in the ward: 03 How many churches (buildings) are in the District: 09 Number of formal shops in the District: 01 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the District: 05 Number of banks in the District: none Social Welfare How many orphans are in the District: 10 How many child-headed households are in the District: 07 How many people are registered to receive Social Grants: 104 Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 02 **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: 01 School governing bodies: 19 **Community Policing Forums: 02** Street / ward based forums: 06 Youth organizations: 02 **Business organizations: 00** Taxi associations: 02 Cultural organizations : 02 Women's organizations: 03 Organizations for people living with disabilities : 00 **OSS & District Structures** How many ward structures are available within the ward (*list*): (e.g.WTTs, WACs, WPPF, WCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: 01 Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: none How many CDWs: 01 How many Sports Volunteers: 10 How many CCGs: 42 How many Extension Officers : none

WARD: 74

Period : August 2015

Introduction of the ward 74

Ward 74 covers these areas of Lamontville, Barcelona 1, Umlazi V, Tehuise family lodge. The Lamontville is located approximately 20km south of Durban.

The housing developments are occurred in four phases RDP house,old location cottages, flatted houses and flats.

Lamontville is a under developing areas, even if the level of unemployment is high and illiteracy. Challenges.

The challenges of unemployment, poverty, crime and skills shortage are particularly striking among the youth. Abusing of substance abused rate is very high in the ward

Achievements

Ministerial project started in 2008 is still continuing even though there are hiccup's that are being dealt with +- 1000 residents living in formal houses.

There is a centre called Johnny Makhathini it purpose is to deal with youth in equipping their skills.

Improvement of communication with departments and organisation since war rooms where established is much better.

Demography

Total Population : 111175

Gender

	Gender	Population
	Female	10059
ĺ	Male	101116

RACIAL

Black african	99.6%
coloured	0.2%
indian	0.1%
White	0.0%
Other	0.2%

Coordinates: 29.941°S 30.939°

Type of dwellings in the District: four room houses, flats houses, cottages and informal settlements

The languages spoken: isizulu

The indication of literacy: 11892 Education Number of crèches: 05 Number of primary schools: 03 Number of secondary school: 01 Number of combined schools : 0

Number of FET Colleges: 0

Number of University of Technologies: 0

Number of Universities: 0

Number of any other learning institutions: 0

Health

Number of primary health care canter's : 1

Number of community health centres: 0

Number of hospitals: 0

Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 05

Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 04

Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 0

Number of pharmacies in the ward: 01

Number of people receiving TB treatment: 36%

Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 56%

Safety and Security

Number of police stations : 1

Number of satellite police stations: 0

Number of community policing forums: 1

If no police station in the ward: it available

Crime statistics for the past three months: increases by 25%

Number of informal safety and security structures : 2

Infrastructure

What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 8%

What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet) : 59%

What proportion of the ward has access to electricity: 88% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District: bus and taxi Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 0 How many sport facilities : 02 How many community halls are in the ward: 0 How many churches (buildings) are in the ward: 06 Number of formal shops in the ward : 04 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the ward: 07 Number of banks in the ward: 04 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: 70 How many child-headed households are in the District : 03 younger than 16 years How many people are registered to receive Social Grants: 60 Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 02 How many school gardens are in the ward: 03 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 06 **Community Organizations** Does the District have Sporting organizations: 01 School governing bodies: all 4 schools have SGB **Community Policing Forums: 1** Street / ward based forums: no **Religious organizations: 1** Youth organizations: 5 **Business organizations: 1** Taxi associations: 1 Cultural organizations: 2 Women's organizations: 1 Organizations for people living with disabilities : 1 **OSS Structures** How many war rooms are established: 1 in the ward Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: not applicable How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers : 1 How many CCGs: 29 How many Extension Officers : 0 How many CSL: 0

WARD: 76

Period: November 2013

Introduction of the Ward

Ward 76 is a ward that is having a majority of the people that are living below poverty line. Most of families are poor.Majority of the people are employed by Indians in Chatsworth, some are working part time jobs like shut down, some survive on development projects.

Ward is made of Glebelands CRU (Former Hostel), KwaStambu (V-Section in township) Ireland (which is also part of V-Section township), Zimeleni Informal Settlements, Area 6 informal settlements(next to Prince Mshiyeni Memorial Hospital), Malandeni informal settlement, Gate village informal settlement, Peace Valley Informal settlement, Dump site informal settlement and Reunion which was the place only for whites to dwell during apartheid era.

Ward consist of 3 high schools, 1 primary shool, and 2 special schools, names are as follows: Umlazi High School, Naleni High School, Umlazi Commercial High School, Umlazi J.P.School, Mason Lincoln Physical Challenged School and Reunion Special School.

Ward has Ithala buildings and functional offices within,Public Works,Reunion Railway Station, Reunion Railway Police Station, Umlazi GG Police Station,Umlazi Court,Ntokozweni Post Office, Prince Mshiyeni Memorial Hospital, Vusithemba Clinic, V-Clinic,Glebe Community Hall,Jeena's stores,Panjivans, Ekwandeni Store, Fani Food Market,Umlazi Meat Plaza, Engen garage and Human Settlement offices.

Glebe CRU is where you meet the entire South Africa as more than 3 Provinces residents dwell in Glebe. Glebe is a place where a lot of bloodshed had spelt since 1992 when there was war between ANC and IFP, 1997 Zulus and Xhosas wars, and since then there are wars for bed space that is still on even now.

Total coverage of the Ward

Ward 76 is having a large scale of land that brings an attention of people who come and build slums. Mos of the vast of land is found in Glebe area as there are 3 sports ground within Glebe alone and there is a land that can be used on building houses or any intrastructure.

The Neighbouring Wards Ward 74 Ward 75 Ward 80 Ward 88 and Ward 90 all these wards surrounds Ward 76.

Number of TACs No TAC is available

Demography Total Population of the District : 3 442 398 The 2001 census divided the municipality into the following main places

Place	Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
Adams Mission	<u>57201</u>	1.56	631	<u>Zulu</u>
Amalanga	<u>57202</u>	17.75	1,340	Zulu
<u>Amanzimtoti</u>	<u>57203</u>	10.16	13,437	<u>English</u>
<u>Amaotana</u>	<u>57204</u>	1.39	10,643	<u>Xhosa</u>
<u>Amawoti</u>	<u>57205</u>	0.94	1,038	Zulu
Assegay	<u>57206</u>	34.03	2,930	English
Blackburn	<u>57207</u>	0.54	0	-
Bothas Hill	<u>57208</u>	7.38	1,992	English
Cato Ridge	<u>57209</u>	19.85	1,059	Zulu
Cele/Vumengazi	<u>57210</u>	63.16	15,099	Zulu
<u>Chatsworth</u>	<u>57211</u>	47.05	192,166	English
Cibane	<u>57212</u>	8.66	1,050	Zulu
<u>Clansthal</u>	<u>57213</u>	0.79	272	English
<u>Clermont</u>	<u>57214</u>	9.19	57,536	Zulu

Place	Code	Area (km²)	Population	Most spoken language
Dassenhoek Part 1	57294	5.71	6,823	Zulu
Dassenhoek Part 2	<u>57215</u>	5.38	22,462	Zulu
Desainager	<u>57216</u>	2.06	994	English
Drummond	<u>57217</u>	16.41	1,943	English
<u>Durban</u>	<u>57218</u>	226.51	536,644	English
Elangeni	57219	9.03	2,249	Zulu
Emalangeni	57220	39.60	3,606	Zulu
Embo/Nksa Isimahla	<u>57221</u>	66.57	9,771	Zulu
Emona	<u>57222</u>	3.84	3,188	Zulu
Ezembeni	57224	14.39	2,918	Zulu
Folweni	<u>57225</u>	3.46	28,759	Zulu
Gcumisa	<u>57226</u>	3.81	593	Zulu
Genazano	<u>57227</u>	0.95	2,866	English
<u>Hambanathi</u>	<u>57228</u>	1.37	8,568	Zulu
<u>Hazelmere</u>	<u>57229</u>	1.79	5,128	Zulu
Hillcrest	57230	10.01	5,341	English
Ilanga	<u>57231</u>	12.60	12,236	Zulu
Inanda	57232	24.43	153,098	Zulu
Inchanga	<u>57233</u>	10.81	21,987	Zulu
lgadi	57234	113.13	44,532	Zulu
<u>Khabazela</u>	57235	7.31	250	Zulu
<u>Kingsburgh</u>	57236	18.92	23,812	Zulu
<u>Klaarwater</u>	<u>57237</u>	12.31	12,169	Zulu
Kloof	<u>57238</u>	63.86	35,623	English
<u>Kwadabeka</u>	57239	11.82	52,617	Zulu
<u>KwaMakhutha</u>	57240	8.02	43,781	Zulu
Kwa-Mashu	57241	18.80	175,913	Zulu
<u>KwaNdengezi</u>	<u>57242</u>	7.99	31,528	Zulu
La Mercy	57243	29.09	2,104	English
Lamontville	57244	4.18	32,991	Zulu
Luganda	57245	3.13	6,121	Zulu
Luthuli/Umnini Trust	57246	38.45	23,008	Zulu
Macala-Gwala	<u>57247</u>	15.80	9,359	Zulu
Magabeni	<u>57248</u>	1.56	4,933	Zulu
Malagazi	57249	3.44	15,681	Zulu
Mangangeni/Vumazonke	57250	8.39	3,111	Zulu
Maphephetha	<u>57251</u>	54.01	9,814	Zulu
Maphunulo	<u>57252</u>	4.69	1,769	Zulu

Place	Code	Area (km²)	Population	Most spoken language
<u>Mawotana</u>	<u>57253</u>	2.33	8,913	Zulu
Mawothi	57254	11.40	40,465	Zulu
Molweni	57255	11.40	12,975	Zulu
Mount Moreland	<u>57256</u>	0.77	273	English
<u>Mpolo</u>	<u>57257</u>	1.92	6,914	Zulu
Mpumalanga	<u>57258</u>	38.30	99,720	Zulu
Mt Edgecombe	57259	12.89	3,874	English
Mwawine	<u>57260</u>	0.70	1,460	Xhosa
Naidooville	<u>57261</u>	1.12	2,417	English
New Germany	<u>57262</u>	9.13	12,592	English
Newlands East	<u>57263</u>	10.23	22,444	English
Newlands West	57264	12.62	37,425	English
<u>Ngcolosi</u>	57265	47.90	20,166	Zulu
Ngqungqulu	<u>57266</u>	3.44	1,455	Zulu
Ntshongweni	57267	13.71	201	English
<u>Ntuzuma</u>	<u>57268</u>	17.60	114,579	Zulu
<u>Oceans</u>	57269	0.20	823	Zulu
Phoenix	<u>57270</u>	29.65	169,163	English
<u>Pinetown</u>	<u>57271</u>	71.85	100,037	Zulu
Qadi	<u>57272</u>	17.34	7,170	Zulu
Qiniselani Manyuswa	<u>57273</u>	53.72	25,878	Zulu
<u>Queensburgh</u>	57274	18.76	29,519	English
Redcliffe	<u>57275</u>	2.22	2,800	Zulu
<u>Roseneath</u>	<u>57276</u>	5.06	7,303	English
Siyanda	<u>57277</u>	1.13	12,924	Zulu
<u>Sobonakhona</u>	<u>57278</u>	179.40	64,162	Zulu
<u>Thoyana</u>	<u>57279</u>	8.98	7,886	Zulu
Tongaat Beach	<u>57281</u>	0.64	735	English
Tongaat	<u>57280</u>	14.99	41,055	English
<u>Tshelimnyama</u>	<u>57282</u>	3.65	12,731	Zulu
<u>Umbumbulu</u>	<u>57283</u>	0.43	304	Zulu
Umdloti	57284	0.96	1,939	English
<u>Umgababa</u>	<u>57285</u>	2.63	4,059	Zulu
<u>Umhlanga</u>	57286	15.00	15,387	English
<u>Umkomaas</u>	57287	7.44	3,027	English
<u>Umlazi</u>	57288	46.55	388,687	Zulu
<u>Verulam</u>	<u>57289</u>	26.11	54,645	English
Westbrook	<u>57290</u>	1.56	1,266	English

Place	Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language	
Westville	<u>57291</u>	31.03	37,517	English	
<u>Ximba</u>	<u>57292</u>	95.29	34,557	Zulu	
Remainder of the municipality	<u>57223</u>	352.66	23,209	Zulu	
Language		Population		%	
isiZulu		2,140,294		62.82%	
<u>English</u>		912,173		26.77%	
isiXhosa		133,136		3.91%	
Afrikaans		58,688		1.72%	
<u>Other</u>		44,850		1.32%	
<u>isiNdebele</u>		638,380		1.13%	
<u>Sesotho</u>		30,878		0.91%	
<u>Setswana</u>		17,358		0.51%	
Sign Language		16,486		0.48%	
<u>Sepedi</u>		6,671		0.20%	
<u>siSwati</u>		2,651		0.08%	
<u>Xitsonga</u>		3,773		0.11%	
<u>TshiVenda</u>		1,737		0.05%	
Gender					

Gender	Population	%
Female	1,759,955	51.13%
Male	1,682,406	48.87%

Ethnic group	Population	%
Black African	2,540,441	73.80%
Indian/Asian	573,334	16.66%
White	228,406	6.64%
Coloured	85,908	2.50%
Other	14,272	0.41%

Type of dwellings in the District: The languages spoken: The indication of literacy: Education Number of crèches: 63 Number of primary schools: 342 Number of secondary school: 197 Number of combined schools : 28 Number of FET Colleges: 01 (eThekwini FET) Asherville campus Cato Manor Campus Melbourne Skills Centre

Cantec Campus

Springfield Umbilo Number of University of Technologies: 02 Number of Universities: 01 Number of any other learning institutions: Health Number of primary health care centers: 153 Number of community health centres: 79 Number of hospitals: 31 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 692 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 752 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 21 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 142 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 7 602 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 14 000 Safety and Security Number of police stations : 83 Number of satellite police stations: 33 Number of community policing forums: 103 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : 71 Infrastructure What proportion of the District has access to clean water : What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): What proportion of the District has access to electricity: Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District : Name the type and number of recreational facilities: How many sport facilities How many community halls are in the District: How many churches (buildings) are in the District: Number of formal shops in the District: Number of informal shops (spazza) in the District: Number of banks in the District: Social Welfare How many orphans are in the District: How many child-headed households are in the District: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the District : 311 How many school gardens are in the District: How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 65 **Community Organizations** Does the District have: Sporting organizations: School governing bodies: **Community Policing Forums:** Street / ward based forums: **Religious organizations:**

Youth organizations: **Business organizations:** Taxi associations: Cultural organizations: Women's organizations: Organizations for people living with disabilities : **OSS & District Structures** How many District structures are available within the District (*list*): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 161 How many CDWs: 34 How many Sports Volunteers : How many CCGs: 514 CCG's on stipend How many Extension Officers : How many CSL :

WARD: 77

Period: November 2013

Introduction of the District

Ward 77 is one of the largest ward at Umlazi consisting of three sections which is J and H section as well as Welberdatch which falls under the jurisdiction of Chartsworths. It has about 7985 households, stores, churches, ECD centres schools and a clinic. It is also enriched by Umlazi river which people uses it for fishing, getting river sand and stones for building purposes as well as for business purposes. It community is united in diversity as it consists of different tribes and races ie Zulus which form the biggest part of the community followed by Xhosas and few sothos, it has also got other races like Indians and coloureds.

```
Number of areas =: 15
Name:
J2
J3 (J16)
JX3 (J4)
J5&6 (J13)
J8&9
HX3
HX4
H5&8
HX6 /Island
HX9
H10&16
Kwa Mgaga
Welberdatch east
Welberdatch west
Demography
 Total Population of the District
                                    : 3 442 398
The 2001 census divided the municipality into the following main places
```

Place	Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
Adams Mission	<u>57201</u>	1.56	631	Zulu
Amalanga	<u>57202</u>	17.75	1,340	Zulu
<u>Amanzimtoti</u>	<u>57203</u>	10.16	13,437	English
<u>Amaotana</u>	57204	1.39	10,643	<u>Xhosa</u>
Amawoti	<u>57205</u>	0.94	1,038	Zulu
Assegay	<u>57206</u>	34.03	2,930	English
Blackburn	<u>57207</u>	0.54	0	-
<u>Bothas Hill</u>	<u>57208</u>	7.38	1,992	English
Cato Ridge	<u>57209</u>	19.85	1,059	Zulu
Cele/Vumengazi	<u>57210</u>	63.16	15,099	Zulu
<u>Chatsworth</u>	<u>57211</u>	47.05	192,166	English
Cibane	<u>57212</u>	8.66	1,050	Zulu
<u>Clansthal</u>	<u>57213</u>	0.79	272	English
<u>Clermont</u>	<u>57214</u>	9.19	57,536	Zulu
Dassenhoek Part 1	57294	5.71	6,823	Zulu
Dassenhoek Part 2	<u>57215</u>	5.38	22,462	Zulu
Desainager	<u>57216</u>	2.06	994	English
Drummond	<u>57217</u>	16.41	1,943	English
Durban	<u>57218</u>	226.51	536,644	English
<u>Elangeni</u>	<u>57219</u>	9.03	2,249	Zulu
<u>Emalangeni</u>	<u>57220</u>	39.60	3,606	Zulu
Embo/Nksa Isimahla	<u>57221</u>	66.57	9,771	Zulu
<u>Emona</u>	<u>57222</u>	3.84	3,188	Zulu
Ezembeni	<u>57224</u>	14.39	2,918	Zulu
Folweni	<u>57225</u>	3.46	28,759	Zulu
<u>Gcumisa</u>	<u>57226</u>	3.81	593	Zulu
Genazano	<u>57227</u>	0.95	2,866	English
<u>Hambanathi</u>	<u>57228</u>	1.37	8,568	Zulu
<u>Hazelmere</u>	<u>57229</u>	1.79	5,128	Zulu
Hillcrest	<u>57230</u>	10.01	5,341	English
Ilanga	<u>57231</u>	12.60	12,236	Zulu
Inanda	<u>57232</u>	24.43	153,098	Zulu
Inchanga	<u>57233</u>	10.81	21,987	Zulu
lqadi	57234	113.13	44,532	Zulu
<u>Khabazela</u>	<u>57235</u>	7.31	250	Zulu
<u>Kingsburgh</u>	57236	18.92	23,812	Zulu
<u>Klaarwater</u>	<u>57237</u>	12.31	12,169	Zulu
<u>Kloof</u>	<u>57238</u>	63.86	35,623	English

Place	Code	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
<u>Kwadabeka</u>	<u>57239</u>	11.82	52,617	Zulu
<u>KwaMakhutha</u>	<u>57240</u>	8.02	43,781	Zulu
<u>Kwa-Mashu</u>	<u>57241</u>	18.80	175,913	Zulu
KwaNdengezi	<u>57242</u>	7.99	31,528	Zulu
La Mercy	<u>57243</u>	29.09	2,104	English
<u>Lamontville</u>	<u>57244</u>	4.18	32,991	Zulu
Luganda	<u>57245</u>	3.13	6,121	Zulu
Luthuli/Umnini Trust	<u>57246</u>	38.45	23,008	Zulu
Macala-Gwala	<u>57247</u>	15.80	9,359	Zulu
Magabeni	<u>57248</u>	1.56	4,933	Zulu
Malagazi	<u>57249</u>	3.44	15,681	Zulu
Mangangeni/Vumazonke	<u>57250</u>	8.39	3,111	Zulu
Maphephetha	<u>57251</u>	54.01	9,814	Zulu
<u>Maphunulo</u>	<u>57252</u>	4.69	1,769	Zulu
<u>Mawotana</u>	<u>57253</u>	2.33	8,913	Zulu
Mawothi	57254	11.40	40,465	Zulu
Molweni	<u>57255</u>	11.40	12,975	Zulu
Mount Moreland	<u>57256</u>	0.77	273	English
<u>Mpolo</u>	<u>57257</u>	1.92	6,914	Zulu
<u>Mpumalanga</u>	<u>57258</u>	38.30	99,720	Zulu
Mt Edgecombe	<u>57259</u>	12.89	3,874	English
Mwawine	<u>57260</u>	0.70	1,460	Xhosa
Naidooville	<u>57261</u>	1.12	2,417	English
New Germany	<u>57262</u>	9.13	12,592	English
Newlands East	<u>57263</u>	10.23	22,444	English
Newlands West	<u>57264</u>	12.62	37,425	English
<u>Ngcolosi</u>	<u>57265</u>	47.90	20,166	Zulu
Ngqungqulu	<u>57266</u>	3.44	1,455	Zulu
<u>Ntshongweni</u>	<u>57267</u>	13.71	201	English
<u>Ntuzuma</u>	<u>57268</u>	17.60	114,579	Zulu
<u>Oceans</u>	<u>57269</u>	0.20	823	Zulu
<u>Phoenix</u>	<u>57270</u>	29.65	169,163	English
<u>Pinetown</u>	<u>57271</u>	71.85	100,037	Zulu
<u>Qadi</u>	<u>57272</u>	17.34	7,170	Zulu
Qiniselani Manyuswa	<u>57273</u>	53.72	25,878	Zulu
<u>Queensburgh</u>	<u>57274</u>	18.76	29,519	English
<u>Redcliffe</u>	<u>57275</u>	2.22	2,800	Zulu
<u>Roseneath</u>	<u>57276</u>	5.06	7,303	English

Place	Co	ode	Area (km²)	Population	Most spoken language
<u>Siyanda</u>	57	7277	1.13	12,924	Zulu
<u>Sobonakhona</u>	57	7278	179.40	64,162	Zulu
<u>Thoyana</u>	57	7279	8.98	7,886	Zulu
Tongaat Beach	57	7281	0.64	735	English
<u>Tongaat</u>	57	7280	14.99	41,055	English
<u>Tshelimnyama</u>	57	7282	3.65	12,731	Zulu
<u>Umbumbulu</u>	<u>57</u>	7283	0.43	304	Zulu
<u>Umdloti</u>	<u>57</u>	7284	0.96	1,939	English
<u>Umgababa</u>	<u>57</u>	7285	2.63	4,059	Zulu
<u>Umhlanga</u>	57	7286	15.00	15,387	English
<u>Umkomaas</u>	57	7287	7.44	3,027	English
<u>Umlazi</u>	<u>57</u>	7288	46.55	388,687	Zulu
Verulam	57	7289	26.11	54,645	English
<u>Westbrook</u>	57	7290	1.56	1,266	English
Westville	<u>57</u>	7291	31.03	37,517	English
<u>Ximba</u>	57	7292	95.29	34,557	Zulu
Remainder of the municipality	57	7223	352.66	23,209	Zulu
Language	· · ·	Population			%
<u>isiZulu</u>		2,140,294			62.82%
<u>English</u>		912,173			26.77%
isiXhosa 1		133,136			3.91%
<u>Afrikaans</u>		58,688			1.72%
<u>Other</u>		44,850			1.32%
<u>isiNdebele</u>	iNdebele 63			1.13%	
<u>Sesotho</u>		30,878			0.91%
<u>Setswana</u>		17,358			0.51%
<u>Sign Language</u>		16,486			0.48%
<u>Sepedi</u>		6,671		0.20%	
<u>siSwati</u>		2,651			0.08%
<u>Xitsonga</u>		3,773			0.11%
<u>TshiVenda</u>		1,737			0.05%
Gender					
Gender	Population %		6		
Female	1,759,95	1,759,955 51		1.13%	
Male	1,682,406 48		8.87%		

Ethnic group	Population	%
Black African	2,540,441	73.80%
Indian/Asian	573,334	16.66%

White	228,406	6.64%
Coloured	85,908	2.50%
Other	14,272	0.41%
Type of dwellings in the District:		
The languages spoken:		
The indication of literacy:		
Education		
Number of crèches: 63		
Number of primary schools: 342		
Number of secondary school : 197		
Number of combined schools: 28		
Number of FET Colleges: 01 (eThekwini FE	Т)	
Asherville campus		
Cato Manor Campu	S	Cantec Campus
Melbourne		
Skills Centre		
Springfield		
Umbilo		
Number of University of Technologies: 02		
Number of Universities: 01		
Number of any other learning institutions	:	
Health		
Number of primary health care centers: 15	53	
Number of community health centres: 79		
Number of hospitals: 31		
Number of traditional healers operating in		
Number of General Practitioners in the wa		
Number of step down facilities such as Hos	spice, Rehab etc: 21	
Number of pharmacies in the ward: 142		
Number of people receiving TB treatment:		
Number of people receiving Antiretroviral:	: 14 000	
Safety and Security		
Number of police stations: 83		
Number of satellite police stations: 33		
Number of community policing forums: 10		
If no police station in the ward: Not application		
Crime statistics for the past three months:		
Number of informal safety and security str	uctures : 71	
Infrastructure		
What proportion of the District has access		
What proportion of the District has access		
What proportion of the District has access	-	
Name the modes (types) of transport used		
Name the type and number of recreationa	i facilities:	
How many sport facilities :	riat .	
How many community halls are in the Dist		
How many churches (buildings) are in the	District :	
Number of formal shops in the District:	District	
Number of informal shops (spazza) in the I		

Number of banks in the District: Social Welfare How many orphans are in the District: How many child-headed households are in the District: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the District : 311 How many school gardens are in the District How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 65 **Community Organizations** Does the District have: Sporting organizations: School governing bodies: **Community Policing Forums:** Street / ward based forums: **Religious organizations:** Youth organizations: **Business organizations:** Taxi associations: Cultural organizations: Women's organizations: Organizations for people living with disabilities : **OSS & District Structures** How many District structures are available within the District (*list*): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 161 How many CDWs: 34 How many Sports Volunteers : How many CCGs: 514 CCG's on stipend How many Extension Officers : How many CSL:

WARD: 96 Period: August 2015 Introduction of the District EThekwini Municipality is a Category A municipality found in the South African province of KwaZulu-Natal. The area is topographically hilly, with many gorges and ravines, and almost no true coastal plain. Durban has a turbulent history dating from ivory hunters in the 1820s and their conflict with the local Zulu monarchs.

The province has the largest number of battlefields. The world-class Durban Chief Albert Luthuli International Convention Centre (ICC) has hosted a historic line-up of events including conferences of a global scale.

eThekwini is the largest City in this province and the third largest city in the country. It is a sophisticated cosmopolitan city of over 3 442 398 people (as per 2011 Census). It is known as the home of Africa's best-managed, busiest port and is also a major centre of tourism because of the city's warm subtropical climate and extensive beaches.

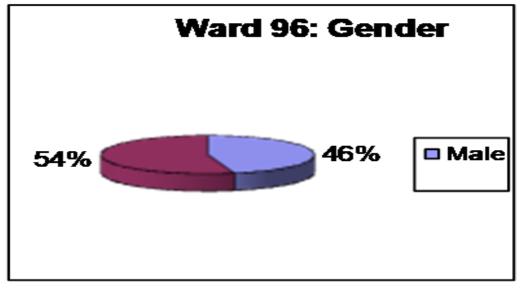
Its land area of 2,297 square km is comparatively larger than other South African cities. Durban Tourism is the leading domestic destination in South Africa. The estimated visitor numbers for the financial year 2010/11 is 9.95 million.

International visitors increased by 2.92 % to 669 585 for the year. This is partly to due to the 2010 World Cup, as Durban was one of the host cities. The value of our domestic tourism economic impact on the region's GDP is estimated to be 8. % per annum. Hotel occupancy in Durban for the year averaged 65.17% which is better than the national average.

Hospitality industry consists of many fine hotels, nightspots, shopping malls, ethnic attractions, traditional villages, craft markets, sparkling dams and big-game parks, such as, Mitchell Park where 100 year old Admiral tortoise is kept.

The vision for eThekwini Municipality by 2030 is to enjoy the reputation of being Africa's most caring and liveable City, where all citizens live in harmony. eThekwini Municipality core value is sustainability, economically successful city, caring city, smart city, poverty reduction and democratic & Equal city

Total coverage of the Ward : Ward 96 comprises of the land area of 60,5 square km. The Neighbouring wards Ward 100 of Ethekwini municipality Ward 67 of Ethekwini Municipality Ward 95 of Ethekwini Municipality (Ugu District) Ward 5 of Umkhambathini Local Municipality (Umgungundlovu District) Number of TCs =: 2 Namely: Sobonakhona TC Embo-Thimoni TC Demography Total Population of the Ward : 47879 Dwelling estimates :9787



Code	Area (km²)	Population	Most spoken language
<u>57201</u>	1.56	631	Zulu

57225	3.46	28,759	Zulu
<u>57278</u>	179.40	64,162	Zulu
<u>57283</u>	0.43	304	Zulu
Type of dwellings in the District:			
The languages spoken:			
The indication of literacy:			
Education			
Number of crèches:			
Number of primary schools: 10			
Number of secondary school: 8			
Number of FET Colleges: none			
Number of University of Technologies : none			
Number of Universities: none			
Number of any other learning institutions :none			

Type of dwellings in the District: The languages spoken: The indication of literacy: Education Number of crèches: Number of primary schools: 10 Number of secondary school: 8 Number of FET Colleges: none Number of University of Technologies: none Number of Universitie: none Number of any other learning institutions: none Health Number of primary health care centers: none Number of community health centres: none Number of hospitals: none Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: Number of General Practitioners in the ward: Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: none Number of pharmacies in the ward: none Number of people receiving TB treatment: Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: Safety and Security Number of police stations: 2 Number of satellite police stations: none Number of community policing forums: 13 Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : Infrastructure What proportion of the District has access to clean water : all areas in the ward What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): all areas in the ward What proportion of the District has access to electricity : all areas in the ward Name the modes (types) of transport used in the District : taxis and busses.

Name the type and number of recreational facilities none How many sport facilities: 1 How many community halls are in the ward: 1 How many churches (buildings) are in the District: Number of formal shops in the District: Number of informal shops (spazza) in the District: Number of banks in the District: none Social Welfare How many orphans are in the District: How many child-headed households are in the District: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 4 **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: Sporting organizations: 1 School governing bodies: 18 **Community Policing Forums: 13** Street / ward based forums: 13 Youth organizations: 1 **Business organizations: 1** Taxi associations: 5 Cultural organizations: 3 Women's organizations: 1 Organizations for people living with disabilities : 1 **OSS & District Structures** How many District structures are available within the District (list): (e.g.DTTs, DACs, DPPF, DCFs etc) How many war rooms are established: 2 Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: none How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers: 8 How many CCGs: 39 on stipend How many Extension Officers : none

WARD 98

COMMUNITY HISTORY

Ward 98 situated in South Region, forty (40) Kilometres radius from the City of eThekwini Municipality. Ward 98 consists of township (llovu), semi & Peri-rural areas; the most pressing challenge facing our community is the absence of sustained economic growth and job creation, which are essential to reduce poverty and inequality. The unemployment is the central challenges that create the poverty gap which is now between the average income of those below the poverty line. Access to information is also critical in the process of community development and the management of community priorities.

Community participation should bring about the shift of direct power to communities that help masses to inform agendas for the local planning & promotion of sustainable development. Access to health care is also a particular concern encountered by our community, although services are provided free of charge, monetary

and time costs of travel to local clinic denote significant barrier for vulnerable members of the community, leader to overall poorer health.

Support still needed from the municipality to enable people to have access in Local Economic Development (LED). Gap in making the community Environment more conductive to economic development to promote growth cluster and community partnership for quality life improvements.

Number of TACs =: 01 Mnini Trust The table below shows the level of access and backlogs to services

HOUSEHOLDS	WATER	WATER	SANITATION	SANITATION	ELECTRICITY	ELECTRICITY
		BACKLOG		BACKLOG		BACKLOG
11 373	6%	Ground	18%	Urine Diversion		14%
		Tanks/Yard		119		
		Taps 679				

COMMUNITY STRUCTURE

The estimated population of the ward is 46 511. The dwellings are as follows:

FORMAL	INFORMAL	TRADITIONAL
7 089	831	1237

The gender percentage structure is constituted as follows:

MALE	FEMALE	DISABLED	PENSIONERS
22 101	24 410	1 272	2 910

COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESSMENT

The community of Ward 54 has a done a community needs assessment and the following were priorities:

Sustainable Income
Skills Development
Clean Environment
Sports Development
Job Opportunities

Age (Years) as follows

AGE	No. of community member per group
0-4	3 599
5-14	8 427
15-34	14 936
35-64	11 449

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND LITERACY RATE

EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	NOT ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE	LITERACY	PENSIONERS
13 887	10 946	16 122	22 140	2 910

LOCAL FACILITIES

FACILITIES	NUMBER
Libraries	01
Clinics	02
Schools	10 (5 Primary+Junior & Senior Primary and also 3
	Secondary schools)
Sports field	03
Police Station (satellite)	00
Community Halls	02 from eThekwini Municipality
Parks	03

Demography Total Population of the Ward: 46 511 Place Peri & Semi rural areas Amagcino (known as Umgababa) Hlanzeni Mgobhozini Danganya Urban Ilovu Township Sections: Ilovu B section llovu C section Phase 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 Rainbow Park (known as Condev) Kingsburgh West Illovo Village Education Number of crèches: 25 Number of primary schools: 10 (junior & senior primary) Number of secondary school: 03 Number of combined schools : Number of FET Colleges: Not Number of University of Technologies: Not Number of Universities: Not Number of any other learning institutions: Health Number of primary health care centers: 02 Number of community health centres: 79 Number of hospitals: 31 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 2 000 (plus or minus) Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 752 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 21

Number of pharmacies in the ward: 142 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 7 602 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 14 000 Safety and Security Number of police stations: 83 Number of satellite police stations: 33 Number of community policing forums: 103 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: 679 What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet):119 (Rural Project area) What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : Name the modes (types) of transport used in the ward: railway train.taxi Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 02 Parks : 01 Library :03 Halls How many sport facilities: 03 How many community halls are in the ward: 03 How many churches (buildings) are in the ward: 11 Number of formal shops in the ward : Number of informal shops (spazza) in the ward : Number of banks in the ward : Not Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: How many child-headed households are in the ward: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 04 How many school gardens are in the ward: 07 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 02 **Community Organizations** Does the ward have: yes Sporting organizations: School governing bodies: **Community Policing Forums:** Street / ward based forums: **Religious organizations:** Youth organizations: **Business organizations:** Taxi associations: Cultural organizations : Women's organizations: Organizations for people living with disabilities : **OSS & District Structures** How many ward structures are available within the region (*list*): (e.g.LTTs, DACs etc)

How many war rooms are established: 02

Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: Not Applicable How many CDWs: 01 How many Sports Volunteers: 10 How many CCGs: 42 CCG's on stipend How many Extension Officers : 01 How many CSL:

WARD: 99 Period : November 2013 Introduction of the District

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International visitors increased by 2.92 % to 669 585 for the year. This is partly to due to the 2010 World Cup, as Durban was one of the host cities. The value of our domestic tourism economic impact on the region's GDP is estimated to be 8. % per annum. Hotel occupancy in Durban for the year averaged 65.17% which is better than the national average.

Hospitality industry consists of many fine hotels, nightspots, shopping malls, ethnic attractions, traditional villages, craft markets, sparkling dams and big-game parks, such as, Mitchell Park where 100 year old Admiral tortoise is kept.

The vision for eThekwini Municipality by 2030 is to enjoy the reputation of being Africa's most caring and liveable City, where all citizens live in harmony. EThekwini Municipality core value is sustainability, economically successful city, caring city, smart city, poverty reduction and democratic & Equal city Total coverage of the District: Ward 99 comprises of the land area of 90.5 square km, which is comparatively larger than other South African cities.

The Neighbouring Wards Ward 98(on the eastern coastal side) Ward 01 (of Umdoni local municipality) on the west Ward 04 (of Vulamehlo) on the north western part Number of TACs =: 03 Namely: UMnini Trust TC Zembeni TC Thoyane TC Demography Total Population of Ward 99 : 44507 The 2001 census divided ward 99 into the following main places

Place	Code:	Area (km ²)	Population	Most spoken language
Magabheni	57248	1.56	4933	Zulu
<u>Danganya</u>				Zulu
Umnkomaas	57287	7.44	3027	<u>English</u>
<u>Craigieburn</u>				Zulu
<u>Amahlongwa</u>				Zulu
<u>Crowder</u>				Zulu
Thoyane	57279	8.98	7886	Zulu
<u>Hlanzeni</u>				Zulu
<u>Samsen</u>				Zulu
Roseneath	57276	5.06	7303	English
Clanstal	57213	0.79	272	English
Language			Population	
<u>isiZulu</u>				
<u>English</u>				
<u>isiXhosa</u>				
<u>Afrikaans</u>				
<u>Sign Language</u>				
<u>Sepedi</u>				
<u>siSwati</u>				
<u>Xitsonga</u>				
<u>TshiVenda</u>				
Gender				
Gender		Population		%
Female				
Male				

Ethnic group	Population	%
Black African		
Indian/Asian		
White		
Coloured		
Other		

Type of dwellings in the Ward : Formal dwellings (bricks, blocks, flats) and informal dwellings (informal settlements) and traditional settlements i.e mud houses

The languages spoken: Zulu, English, Afrikaans and Xhosa

The indication of literacy:

Education

Number of crèches: 16

Number of primary schools: 09

Number of secondary school: 03

Number of combined schools: 00 Number of FET Colleges: 00 Number of University of Technologies: 00 Number of Universities: 00 Number of any other learning institutions: 00 Health Number of primary health care centers: 04 clinics Number of community health centres: 04 clinics Number of hospitals: 00 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 21 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 04 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 01 Number of pharmacies in the ward: 02 Number of people receiving TB treatment: Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: Safety and Security Number of police stations : 01 Number of satellite police stations: 01 Number of community policing forums: 04 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures: 04 Infrastructure What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water: 99% What proportion of the District has access to sanitation (toilet): 99% What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity : 98% Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward: taxis, buses and trains Name the type and number of recreational facilities: 07 sports grounds, 01 tennis court, 01 dilapidated basket ball court How many sport facilities: 07 sports fields & 01 tennis court How many community halls are in the Ward: 04 How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 39 Number of formal shops in the Ward: 13 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward: 31 Number of banks in the Ward: 02 Social Welfare How many orphans are in the Ward: 126 How many child-headed households are in the Ward: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the Ward: 09 How many school gardens are in the Ward : 03 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 02 **Community Organizations** Does the Ward have: Sporting organizations: yes--02 School governing bodies: yes all 12 schools have S.G.Bs Community Policing Forums: yes--04 Street / ward based forums: yes

Religious organizations: yes Youth organizations: yes--02 Business organizations: yes---02 Taxi associations: yes--02 Cultural organizations : yes--02 Women's organizations: yes--09 Organizations for people living with disabilities : none **OSS & Ward Structures** How many Ward structures are available within the Ward (list): (E.g.War Rooms, NGOs, ward committees, S.G.Bs, WAC, LDAC (local drug action committee, clinic committees etc) How many war rooms are established: Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 00 How many CDWs: 01 How many Sports Volunteers : 01 How many CCGs: 18 on stipend How many Extension Officers : 01 How many CSL:

WARD 100

Period: August 2015

Introduction of the Ward

Ward 100 is situated at South Region is known as Umbumbulu is a rural area under eThekwini Municipality in KZN Province which is covered the following areas:- Mphusheni, Ntinyane, Etsheni, Tholeni, Mpandwini, Putellos, Cingweni, Nkomokazi, Mphephetho, Ndlandlama, Madundube, Mtshingwane, Ngonyameni, Tafelkop, Intake, Nkoseleni and Zwelibomvu etc. most of the people who were residing in ward 100 they build their houses with mud and bricks.

EThekwini Municipality is a Category A municipality found in the South African province of KwaZulu-Natal. The area is topographically hilly, with many gorges and ravines, and almost no true coastal plain. Durban has a turbulent history dating from ivory hunters in the 1820s and their conflict with the local Zulu monarchs.

The province has the largest number of battlefields. The world-class Durban Chief Albert Luthuli International Convention Centre (ICC) has hosted a historic line-up of events including conferences of a global scale. eThekwini is the largest City in this province and the third largest city in the country. It is a sophisticated cosmopolitan city of over 3 442 398 people (as per 2011 Census). It is known as the home of Africa's best-managed, busiest port and is also a major centre of tourism because of the city's warm subtropical climate and extensive beaches.

Its land area of 2,297 square km is comparatively larger than other South African cities. Durban Tourism is the leading domestic destination in South Africa. The estimated visitor numbers for the financial year 2010/11 is 9.95 million.

International visitors increased by 2.92 % to 669 585 for the year. This is partly to due to the 2010 World Cup, as Durban was one of the host cities. The value of our domestic tourism economic impact on the region's GDP is estimated to be 8. % per annum. Hotel occupancy in Durban for the year averaged 65.17% which is better than the national average.

Hospitality industry consists of many fine hotels, nightspots, shopping malls, ethnic attractions, traditional villages, craft markets, sparkling dams and big-game parks, such as, Mitchell Park where 100 year old Admiral tortoise is kept.

The vision for eThekwini Municipality by 2030 is to enjoy the reputation of being Africa's most caring and liveable City, where all citizens live in harmony. eThekwini Municipality core value is sustainability, economically successful city, caring city, smart city, poverty reduction and democratic & Equal city

Total coverage of the Ward

Ward 100 comprises of the land area of 155.8 square km, which is comparatively larger than other wards under eThekwini Metro.

The Neighbouring Districts

Ward 67 of eThekwini Municipality

Ward 95 of eThekwini Municipality

Ward 96 of eThekwini Municipality

Ward 05 of Umkhambathini local Municipality (Mgungundlovu District)

Ward 84 of eThekwini Municipality

Ward 07 of eThekwini Municipality

Ward 13 of eThekwini Municipality

Number of TACs =: 04 Namely: Sobonakhona TC Vumengazi TC Vumazonke TC Isimahla TC Demography Total Population of the ward : 39699 The <u>2001 census</u> divided the municipality into the following <u>main places</u> Gender Gender Population

Gender	Population	70
Female		
Male		

~

Ethnic group	Population	%
Black African	39699	73.80%

Type of dwellings in the ward Mud and Bricks: 7414 The languages spoken: isi-Zulu The indication of literacy : Education Number of crèches: 10 Number of primary schools: 16 Number of secondary school: 10 Number of combined schools: 02 Number of FET Colleges: none Number of University of Technologies: none Number of Universities: none Number of any other learning institutions: none Health Number of primary health care centers: none Number of community health centres: 01 Number of hospitals: none Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: Number of General Practitioners in the ward: Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: none Number of pharmacies in the ward: none Number of people receiving TB treatment: Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: Safety and Security Number of police stations : none Number of satellite police stations: none Number of community policing forums: 03 If no police station in the ward: Not applicable Crime statistics for the past three months: Number of informal safety and security structures : Infrastructure What proportion of the ward has access to clean water: What proportion of the ward has access to sanitation (toilet): What proportion of the ward has access to electricity : Name the modes (types) of transport used in the ward: buses and taxis Name the type and number of recreational facilities: How many sport facilities: 04 How many community halls are in the ward: 05 How many churches (buildings) are in the ward: 35 Number of formal shops in the District: 32 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the District: 103 Number of banks in the District: none Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: How many child-headed households are in the ward : How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the ward: 05 How many school gardens are in the ward: 03 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 01

Community Organizations

Does the ward have:

Sporting organizations: 01 School governing bodies: 38

Community Policing Forums: 03

Street / ward based forums:

Religious organizations: Youth organizations: 01

Business organizations: 01

Taxi associations: 05

Cultural organizations: 01 Women's organizations: 01 Organizations for people living with disabilities : 01 OSS & ward Structures How many ward structures are available within the ward (*list*): (E.g.W/C, WAC, CPF, etc) How many war rooms are established: 01 Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: none How many CDWs: 01 How many Sports Volunteers : 08 How many CCGs: 43 CCG's on stipend How many Extension Officers : none How many CSL

WARD: 103

Introduction of the Ward 103 EThekwini ward 103 is situated in the western side of eThekwini municipality. It comprises of the following areas: Buxfarm, Cliffdale, Drummond, Qadi, Embo, Assagay and Summerfeld. It has both rural and urban area.

Total No of households : 5511 The Neighbouring Wards Ethekwini Ward : 2, 4, 7, 8 Number of TACs =: 4 Embo TC Qadi TC Mangangeni TC Qiniselani MaNyuswa TC EThekwini Ward 103 Map Demography Total Population of the Ward : 28530 Type of dwellings in the Ward: Formal, Informal and Traditional dwellings The languages spoken : Zulu, English, Xhosa Sesotho The indication of literacy : Education Number of crèches: 11 Number of primary schools: 09 Number of secondary school: 04 Number of FET Colleges: 01 Number of University of Technologies: 0 Number of Universities: 0 Number of any other learning institutions : 0 Health Number of primary health care centers: 01 Number of community health centres: 01 Number of hospitals: 02 Number of traditional healers operating in the ward: 02 Number of General Practitioners in the ward: 1 Number of step down facilities such as Hospice, Rehab etc: 1

Number of pharmacies in the ward: 0 Number of people receiving TB treatment: 111 Number of people receiving Antiretroviral: 690 Safety and Security Number of police stations: 0 Number of satellite police stations: 0 Number of community policing forums: 2 If no police station in the ward: none Number of informal safety and security structures: 1 Infrastructure What proportion of the Ward has access to clean water: 98 % What proportion of the Ward has access to sanitation (toilet): 70 % What proportion of the Ward has access to electricity : 80 % Name the modes (types) of transport used in the Ward: Trains, Taxis, Buses, Private cars Name the type and number of recreational facilities: sportfields How many sport facilities : None How many community halls are in the Ward: None How many churches (buildings) are in the Ward: 08 Number of formal shops in the Ward: 0 Number of informal shops (spazza) in the Ward: 14 Number of banks in the Ward: None Social Welfare How many orphans are in the ward: How many child-headed households are in the District: How many people are registered to receive Social Grants : Availability of gardens How many communal gardens are established in the District : 04 How many school gardens are in the District: 01 How many clinics/ NGOs have gardens in their facility : 02 **Community Organizations** Does the Ward have: Sporting organizations: yes School governing bodies: yes **Community Policing Forums: yes** Street / ward based forums: yes Religious organizations: yes Youth organizations: yes Business organizations: yes Taxi associations: yes Cultural organizations : yes Women's organizations: yes Organizations for people living with disabilities : no **OSS & District Structures** War room is established and is attending LTT Number of field workers How many Youth Ambassadors: 0 How many CDWs: 1 How many Sports Volunteers: 1 How many CCGs: 42 CCG's on stipend

How many Extension Officers : 0 How many CSL: 0 : The purpose of CDWs as to "work with government and other stakeholders in order to help bridge the gap between government and the community, strengthen the integration and coordination between services provided by government and access to the services by communities". The objective of the programme is to:

- 1. Improve Service delivery an accessibility of services
- 2. Assist with governmental coordination, both between different spheres and different line departments
- 3. Facilitate community development and strengthen interaction between government and communities and
- 4. Support participatory democracy,

CDWs provide administrative support in the war rooms and coordinate profiling, making referrals to government departments under Operation Sukuma Sakhe (OSS) and participate in integrated service delivery initiatives such as Operation MBOs. CDWs are involved in Community Mobilization for IDP Roadshows and MEC visits in the district.

CDWs are also playing the vital role in supporting the implementation of the Back to Basics Programme (B2B). Back to Basics is aimed at strengthening local government by getting the basics right, and local government, together with other spheres of government. Cabinet has resolved that B2B must be integrated with OSS.

In eThekwini Metro there are 35 active CDWs and 27 functional war rooms. CDWs attend ward committee meetings to present government programmes, collect issues, collect information that might be related to service delivery protests and monitor ward committee functionality. CDWs assist in mobilizing communities to attend and they attend ward community/Public meetings to collect community issues for the attention of other stakeholders. CDWs refer issues to relevant Departments for interventions.

Highlights for the quarter for CDWs activities: Ethekwini Metro

- 1. Ward 3 MEC and the Mayor visited New River Primary School to deliver uniform and mobile library on 19 April 2017
- 1. Ward 37 Amabhubesi Bikers have donated by building a house for the vulnerable children
- 2. Ward 75 Successful clinic open day on the 24/03/2017. 3 members of the disabled community were called by the Team APC for the call centre interview.
- 3. Ward 105 Masakhane Program in Mgendwa Hall
- 4. Ward 105 Inauguration of iNkosi L.D.Mkhize in eZimwini on 31 March 2017
- 5. IDP/Budget by the Mayor in all wards
- 6. Launch of Tusong Centre by Minister F Mthambi & the Mayor
- 7. Donating of full school uniforms during a visit at Thamela primary school by the HOD Magagula from Treasury on the 20/04/2017
- 8. Re-establishment of LTT structures (North Central, South & West)

Contact Details:

District Support Manager: Ms HN Nzimande Contact Number: 084 313 5372 E-mail address : Hendrica.nzimande@kzncogta.gov.za

Ward	Surname	Name	Contact number	E-mail address
1	Msomi	Nozipho Promise	0832011328	nozipho.msomi@kzncogta.gov.za
2	Bulose	Thandiwe Nokwanda	0837750945	thandi.bulose@kzncogta.gov.za
3	Nzama	Thabisile Perceviarance	0832011360	perceviarance.nzama@kzncogta.gov.za
4	Zuma	Princess Bonsile	0837750960	bonsile.zuma@kzncogta.gov.za
5	Khumalo	Thembeka Sea-Breeze	0832011396	thembeka.khumalo@kzncogta.gov.za
8	Khwela	Prisca Lungisile	0837757351	lungisile.khwela@kzncogta.gov.za
19	Blani	Douglas Lovemore Thokozani	0837757589	thokozani.blani@kzncogta.gov.za
23	Pepu	Nontle Veronica	0832011823	nontle.pepu@kzncogta.gov.za
32	Sobuye	Nobuhle Phumelele	0837759304	nobuhle.sobuye@kzncogta.gov.za
37	Madikizela	Nelisiwe	0837785602	nelisiwe.madikizela@kzncogta.gov
38	Thango	Johan	0832011395	johan.tango@kzncogta.gov.za
40	Malembe	Nhlakanipho	0832011824	nhlakanipho.malembe@kzncogta.gov.za
41	Mhlongo	Zanele Patience	0837785750	zanele.mhlongo@kzncogta.gov.za
107	Cele	Gabriel Philani	0837757237	gabriel.cele@kzncogta.gov.za
43	Dlamini	Bhekithemba Ephraim	0837756528	bhekithemba.dlamini@kzncogta.gov.za
44	Shezi	Frederick Qeda	0837756238	frederick.shezi@kzncogta.gov.za
46	Sithole	Mbalekelwa Wonderboy Foreman	0837767643	wonderboy.sithole@kzncogta.gov.za
52	Gwamanda	Eric Simiso	0837753461	simiso.gwamanda@kzncogta.gov.za
54	Ngcobo	Bongukwenza	0837761359	bongukwenza.ngcobo@kzncogta.gov.za
55	Mtiyane	Muziwandile Richard	0837761905	muziwandile.mtiyane@kzncogta.gov.za
108	Nyawuza	Thabisile Mercy	0837757249	thabasile.nyawuza@kzncogta.gov.za
57	Ngutshana	Patricia Ntombeyiningi	0837761432	patricia.ngutshana@kzncogta.gov.za
61	Ngcayi	Nomvuyo	0837756478	nomvuyo.ngcayi@kzncogta.gov.za
109	Ndelu	Ntombeningi Glenrose	0832011986	ntombiningi.ndelu@kzncogta.gov.za
74	Thusini	Ntombifuthi Penny	0832030097	penny.cele@kzncogta.gov.za
75	Lushozi	Phumla Portia	0837840345	phumula.shozi@kzncogta.gov.za
76	Mngadi	Maurice Bheka	837752393	bheka.mngadi@kzncogta.gov.za
77	Gotsha	Nokuthula Theodora	0832011871	nokuthula.gotsha@kzncogta.gov.za
96	Myeza	Listen Nkosikhona	0832030042	 listen.myeza@kzncogta.gov.za
98	Mthembu	Welcome Mduduzi	0837789784	mduduzi.mthembu@kzncogta.gov.za
99	Gumede	Bongani Emmanuel	0837764497	bongani.gumede@kzncogta.gov.za
99 100	Mthombeni	Xolani Wiseman	0837784497	Xolani.mthombeni@kzncogta.gov.za
100	Luthuli	Nkosinathi Albert	0832011353	nkosinathi.luthuli@kzncogta.gov.za
105	Mkhize		0832011238	Gugu.mkhize@kzncogta.gov.za
105 105	Msomi	Gugu Bonie	0832011999	bonie.msomi@kzncogta.gov.za
-				
105	Mkhize	Thabani	0780140563	thabani.mkhize@kzncogta.gov.za

PILLAR TWO: BASIC SERVICES

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

The Disaster Management Centre was established in 1996 and is currently headed by Mr. Vincent Ngubane. The centre has 9 permanent staff and approximately 140 other support staff. The Ethekwini Disaster Management Framework has been developed and adopted by Council. The municipal disaster management plan (Level 1) is progressing well with a number of stakeholders already consulted. The municipal advisory forum has been established but is currently only meeting with internal (municipal) stakeholders but will eventually be expanded to include external roleplayers in line with the Provincial Disaster Management Advisory Forum membership.

The municipality has a separate fire service that, although it works closely and in conjunction with the disaster management unit, functions separately.

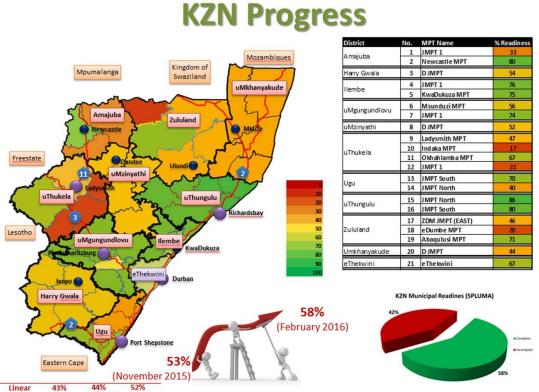
Municipalit y	Disaster Managemen t Unit Established	Fully Functiona I	Forums Establishe d	Disaster Managemen t Plans	Disaster Managemen t Framework	Status of Municipa I Fire Services	Numbe r of Staff
EThekwini	3	٢	٩	3	3	3	D-149 F- 600 20 Fire Station S

Section 52 / 53 of the DMC Act – Have you conducted comprehensive disaster risk assessment in your area of jurisdiction? have you prepared a disaster management plan for your municipality? Do you have disaster risk reduction measures in place, in line with the identified risks? Is the plan incorporated into the IDP and budgeted for? Yes

MUNICIPAL PLANNING

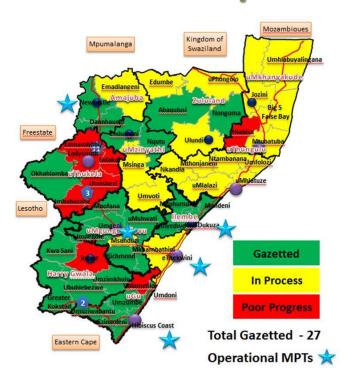
- 2016/17 IDP credibility score: 79.67%
- Status of District Growth & Development Plans: Not applicable.
- IDP Co-ordination and/ municipal strategic planning challenges:
 - The municipality either does not convene or either does not invite the department to their planning meetings. Meetings which involve the municipality and the department and usually meetings are called by the department. Our only involvement is at April and November IDP Feedback Sessions. Their performance does justifiably exonerate this action.
 - PDGDP/IDP Alignment held on 12 April 2017.

SPLUMA IMPLEMENTATION



Progress (July 2015) (Aug 2015) (Oct 2015)

By-Laws



DMs	LMs		
Amajuba	Dannhauser		
Amajuba	Newcastle		
	Greater Kokstad		
Jame Cuuala	KwaSani		
Harry Gwala	Ubuhlebezwe		
	uMzimkhulu		
	KwaDukuza		
Lembe	Mandeni		
Lempe	Maphumulo		
	Ndwedwe		
	Ezingoleni		
	Hibiscus Coast		
Ugu	Umdoni		
	Umziwabantu		
	Umzumbe		
	Impendle		
	Mkhambathini		
uMgungundlovu	Mpofana		
uvigungunurovu	Richmond		
	uMngeni		
	uMshwati		
uMzinyathi	Endumeni		
unviziniyatni	Nguthu		
uThukela	Okhahlamba		
Zululand	AbaQulusi		
cururanu	Nongoma		

SPATIAL PLANNING

1. Spatial Planning Capacity

The eThekwini Municipality has in total 85 employees carrying out Spatial Planning function, approximately 40 employees with Town and Regional Planning and related built environment qualification, who are distributed between the central, north, south, inner west and outer west spatial entities. The Municipality has approximately 15 registered Town & Regional Planners that are accessible to the Municipality and available to undertake spatial planning functions. The Municipality has adequate capacity for the spatial planning function.

2. Status of Spatial Development Frameworks

The Ethekwini SDF was last reviewed in May 2016 and submitted to KZN COGTA for the 2016/17 SDF/IDP Assessments. The SDF is currently under a major review, internally.

The Municipal SDF vision "The envisaged SDF spatial vision is to have "by 2030 a socially equitable, environmentally sustainable and functionally efficient Municipality that bolsters its status as a gateway to Africa and the world".

Outcomes of the SDF Assessment 2016/17

- The Municipality has complied with Section 26(e) of the Municipal Systems Act No. 32 of 2000 that requires the municipality to ensure that the SDF is included in the IDP.
- The municipality is futher commended for highlighting Rural Development as a priority in the SDF and for developing a rural development strategy in an attempt to identify and address challenges and needs.
- The municipality is advised improve the development of its proposed single land use scheme in TC areas by introducing shortend land use procedures in such areas in turn streamlining development.
- The municipality is also advised to expand the focus of the above mentioned in respect o rural/traditional/derpived areas, consider social issues and well as redressing past imblances
- An Agricultural Sector Plan must be developed in collaboration with KZN DARD, outlining a vision for agriculture, in which high-value agricultural land is identified and protected.
- The SDF through its use of DMOSS and Safe Operating Systems start to provide the breakdown of biodiversity issues and features in the metro and its understood to be improvied via a new Strategic Environmental Assessment
- The demographic profile attempts to interpret the statistics and various characteristics that attribute to population growth and development increases and decreases. However these are not qualified or supported by the official stats nor translated into responsive programs.
- It is lastly recommended that the next review process includes a disaster management Sector Plan in line with legislation
- Whilst the municipality is commended for the provision of disaster institutional capacity and its response and recovery resources, the municipality needs to improve IGR in the form of a Municipal Disaster Management Forum that meets regaulry and involves all stakeholders.

	LOCAL	MUNICIPAL	SCHEME	ESTIMATED	DATE OF	LATEST	PROGRESS
	MUNICIPALITY/	AREA	NAME/ AREA	SCHEME	ADOPTION	DATE OF	TOWARDS
	ENTITY	(km2)	COVERED BY	COVERAGE		SCHEME	WALL TO
			SCHEME	(km2)		REVIEW	WALL
							SCHEME
Γ	Ethekwini	2291 km²	Northern	77.84km²	25/10/2012	2014	The

3. Status of schemes within the Metro

Municipality	Entity				Municipality
	Inner West	171.49km²	28/09/2012	2014	has covered
	Entity				the 1 to 16
	Outer West	192.75km²	22/04/2013	2014	steps
	Entity				towards
	Southern	166.93km²	26/10/2012	2014	scheme
	Entity				preparation
	Central Entity	/ 14.01km²	15/01/1965	08/04/1991	for the Urban
	Umnini	40km ²	2013	2013	schemes. The
	Scheme (Rura	al			Municipality
	scheme)				with
					assistance
					from COGTA
					is currently
					working on
					developing
					schemes for
					rural areas
					like
					Umbumbulu
					and
					Shongweni.
TOTAL		663.02km ²			

4. Spatial planning challenges

• Engagements with traditional leaders, especially around scheme initiations for rural areas.

DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION SERVICES

• GIS capacity

Ethekwini Metro has GIS capacity. Besides having a Corporate GIS unit, other Departments such as Roads, Planning, Electricity, etc. have their own GIS units to address their specific spatial information needs. The Corporate GIS Unit oversees the general operations of the Department GISs in such a manner that an enterprise database is maintained and used by all. They have also developed a GIS web portal whereby officials and other stakeholders are able to access Pdf maps and other GIS datasets online.

• Status of GIS

The various GIS units at Ethekwini Metro are fully functional in terms of having relevant hardware, software, policies and business datasets in place for day-to-day operations. As a Metro, they are constantly acquiring new set of data to better inform decision makers at the Metro on various municipal projects and assets.

• GIS challenges

COGTA DIS is unaware of any GIS operational challenges.

• Implementation of legislation (Tools and structures)

The Department of Rural Development and Land Reform (DRDLR), which is an implementing department has drafted generic planning by-laws for municipalities. Municipalities may customize these by-laws to suite their requirements. DRDLR and Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (COGTA), South African Local Government Association (SALGA) agreed to introduce interim arrangements to ensure that planning applications are processed while municipalities are busy with the adoption and gazetting of by-laws. Hence, this Province is utilizing the KZN Planning and Development Act, 2008 (KZNPDA) application process (Schedule 1) together with Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (SPLUMA), Act No. 16 of 2013 institutional structures (Municipal Planning Tribunal, appointment of an Authorized Officer and the use of either EXCO or an external body as its Appeal Authority).

In their contact sessions with municipalities DRDLR, COGTA and SALGA have ensured that each municipality understands transitional arrangements and SPLUMA requirements to form new decision making bodies and the need to categorize land development applications, and delegate certain applications to appropriately planning qualified staff to approve in terms of delegated authorities.

Whilst engaging officials, the roles and responsibilities of the role players have been clearly defined in terms of delegations and this has been in accordance with the nature and type of applications as per municipal generic by-laws since some applications will be dealt with by the municipal councils whilst some by the Authorized Officers (AO) and Municipal Planning Tribunals (MPTs).

While smaller municipalities within the KZN Province have opted for an Executive Committee (EXCO) as an appeal authority (internal body), eThekwini Municipality will have both an internal body and external body as appeal authorities. The internal appeal body was established to consider applicant appeals whereas the external appeal authority was established to consider appeals for municipal applications.

Ethekwini Municipality has opted to create their own by-law but these have not yet been adopted. An MPT has been established and is functioning well.

Land development applications (compliance with legislated time norms)

The Metro has forwarded 26 Applications to the MPT for a decision in terms of the PDA/SPLUMA during the 1st quarter (01 April 2017 to 30 June 2017). All applications to date meet the specified time norms for processing (100%).

- Land development challenges (compliance with legislated time norms)
 - Gazetting of the By-laws.

LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

	ETHEKWINI METRO LED PROFILE									
1.	Municipal	Yes	Ν	N	Number of personnel employed at the municipal LED Unit					
	LED Unit	Full	0	Females	Y	outh	Males			
	existence	У				TOTAL = 50				
		~								
					LED Capital Budget					
2.	Total municip	al budg	get	R156 000 000.00						
	allocation			The ov	The overall LED budget is equivalent to (10.56%) of the overall City					
						budget				
3.	LED strategy a	ligned	to	Yes	Yes The LED Strategy is aligned to the NDP, PGDP and Poverty					
	NDP, PGDP & Poverty			\checkmark	eradication master	r plan				
	Eradication									

4.	Municipal EPWP phase 3 policy in place	No ✓	Policy aligned to phase 3 has been on review since 2012 and there is no progress thus far.		
5.	Informal Economy Strategy/Plan in place	Yes ✓	The eThekwini Metro LED business support is currently busy reviewing the informal economy plans.		
6.	Outline a clear Strategy/Plan on engagement of LED stakeholders to ensure its functionality	Yes ✓	The City LED unit engages/ meets on a regular basis with their partners/		
7.	LED forum in place and functional	No	LED forum not in place due to internal challenges and lack of leadership with LED		
8.	Challenges facing the implementation of LED in this municipality	Municipal LED challenges : 1. Lack of city wide support of LED functions 2. Poor leadership within the City; 3. Lack of proper coordination within LED			

PILLAR THREE: GOOD GOVERNANCE

Status of IGR

Due to the Municipality being a Metro – unlike district municipalities which have constituent local municipalities – the arrangement of IGR in eThekwini is usually ad-hoc and project-based, comprising of stakeholders that are relevant for a particular project, at a specific period in time. However, some of the Municipality's standing IGR Forums include Human Settlements, Treasury, Economic Development, as well as Disaster Management. These Forums meet at least once per month in order to monitor progress on the implementation of various projects. The Functionality of these Forums is satisfactory.

Council meetings held

10

Functionality of Council oversight committees (Portfolio Committees and MPAC)

Governance functionality indicators	Responses	Challenges	Support required to address challenges
How many councillors make up the MPAC?	11		
Please provide a list of members of MPAC? Names and surnames, chairperson, gender and political party of each councillor in each committee.	See below		
Are there scheduled meetings for the MPAC in the municipal calendar?	Yes. 19 meetings have been scheduled		
How many MPAC meetings have actually sat since July 2014?	20		
Do meetings quorate? If not, please provide reasons.	Yes		
Are there any members who have missed three (3) consecutive meetings? If so, what action was taken by Council to address such?	No		
Has the municipal council adopted terms of reference of the MPAC	Yes		
What reports are tabled before the MPAC?	See the attached MPAC work programme		
Has the MPAC conducted or recommended any investigation to be conducted? If yes, what was the investigation and what were the outcomes of the investigation?	Yes. (See attachment)		
How often does the MPAC report to Council?	At the conclusions of investigations/ consideration of matters		

Municipal investigations and anti-corruption

PREVENTION

Anti-corruption program:

- (a) Before the 1st of April CoGTA: Municipal Investigations developed a standard assessment tool to check compliance with anti-corruption measures in all 54 municipalities. On 18 April 2017 a circular with the anti-corruption assessment questionnaire was disseminated to all municipalities for their response. All responses were analysed and each given a score based on their level of compliance with anti-corruption measures.
- (b) For the first quarter 14 Municipalities with low and unsatisfactory scores were invited to a meeting held on 12 June 2017 to discuss the support required by them from CoGTA in order to assist them to review their strategy and to provide those who did not have a strategy in place with the Cogta's standard municipal anti-fraud and anti-corruption strategy for adaption and adoption by their respective Councils.

Fraud risk Management:

On the 12th of June 2017 a meeting was called with 14 municipalities which did not obtain satisfactory scores on the assessed questionnaire, one of reasons for the meeting was to assist them to update their fraud risk registers and to enquire if their municipalities had an adopted anti-fraud and anti-corruption strategy or policy.

The Department plans to target 14 municipalities per quarter. Ethekwini Metro was one of the high scoring municipality and will be invited at a later stage to establish the level of support required.

INVESTIGATIONS

There are currently no investigations at eThekwini Metro

TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS

Traditional leaders participation in Council structures

- Mqoqi Bernard Ngcobo
- Bhekisisa Felix Bhengu
- Thandizwe Frank Gwala
- Dominic Zwelithini Mkhize
- Reginald Fana Mthembu
- Simangaye Mlaba
- Thamsanqa Benjamin Emmanuel Mkhize
- Khetha Sakhile Makhanya
- Emmanuel Bhekuzalo Shozi
- Vukani Reginal Cele
- Phathisizwe Philbert Luthuli
- Nhloso yesizwe Mc Millan Hlengwa
- Nkosinathi Caleb Maphumulo
- Langalasembo Derrick Mkhize
- Jabulile Princess Shangase
- Kusakusa Teasington Mkhize

PILLAR FOUR: SOUND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Audit Overview

Ethekwini Municipality regressed from a clean audit opinion in 2014/2015 financial year to unqualified audit opinion in 2015/16 financial year. The number of audit findings has been constant to four (4) from previous financial year and current financial year..

Financial Health Overview

The Municipality has a good financial viability, which need to be enhanced through debt collection. The Municipality has improved its current ratio to 1.64 which is within the acceptable norm of 1.5- 2.1. The cost coverage of the Municipality has improved from 4.07 to 5.64 which indicate favourable financial position that the Municipality has an ability to continue with its operations for the next five months. There is a high spending on capital expenditure even though there Municipality, however there is a concern on the spending of USD grant which is 60.5%. The analysis of the key financial ratios and trends indicates that the municipality's financial affairs are fairly stable.

Status of Posts

The post of the City Manager has been recently filled by Mr. S Nzuza. The Budget and Treasury office is fully capitated with specialist in financial management. The post of the chief financial officer is permanently filled. The City Manager, Deputy City Manager and Supply Chain Manager have achieved their minimum competency levels as per the minimum competency levels regulations.

Financial Compliance

The municipality has complied with 100% (5 out 5 compliance matters) of the financial compliance matters tested during the quarterly assessment undertaken.

SCOPE OF ASSESSMENT

The scope of the assessment is limited to the first quarter of the 2016/17 municipal financial year which includes the period 01 January to 31 March 2017. The assessment focused on seven key areas in respect of which this report will highlight findings, challenges and recommendations as follows:

- Audit report status limited to financial matters only;
- Revenue and debtors management;
- Expenditure and creditors management;
- Liquidity issues;
- Asset management;
- Financial Compliance; and

• Financial governance.

AUDIT REPORT STATUS

Table 1 below reflects the status of the 2015/2016 audit issues:

Details	2014/2015	Financial Period	Number of audit report queries resolved	% report queries resolved
Total Number of audit report issues for the current year	4	Q1	0	0
Total Number of audit report issues in previous financial year	4	Q2	0	0
Total number of recurring audit report issues	2	Q3		
% recurring issues	50%	Q4		

Four audit issues were raised in the audit report, of which 2 were emphasis of matter items, 2 were related to compliance matters, 1 was related to internal control. Details of the above are as follows:

Emphasis of Matter

- The Municipality incurred material water losses amounting to 135,1 million kilolitres (2015:134,33 million kilolitres) resulted in revenue losses of R710,90 million (2015: R669 million), as result of illegal connections and deteriorating infrastructure.
- The municipality recognised a provision for bad debts of R3, 0 billion (2015: R2, 51 billion) on consumer debtors as the recoverability of these amounts was doubtful.

Compliance

• Expenditure management- Reasonable steps were not taken to prevent irregular expenditure as required by section 62(1)(d) of the MFMA.

Internal control

• Financial management- Slow responses by management to implement adequate monitoring controls to prevent irregular expenditure.

Recurring Audit Queries

- The audit finding on material water losses as a result to illegal connections and deteriorating infrastructure and
- Provision for doubtful debt of R3, 0 billion (2015: R2, 51 billion) on consumer debtors as the recoverability of these amounts was doubtful.

Audit Action Plan

The audit action plan will be monitored by the CoGTA municipal finance unit on a quarterly basis. The audit action plan is monitored by the internal audit unit and is a standing item on the agenda of the audit committee.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

REVENUE AND DEBTORS MANAGEMENT

Table 2 below reflects the status of Billed vs Budgeted revenue per category:

	Billed vs Budgeted										
Details	Property Rates	Electricity	Water	Sewerage	Refuse	Other service charges	Total				
Budgeted Revenue	6 414 932 000	11 327 192 000	2 769 406 000	805 590 000	558 261 000		21 875 381 000				
Billed Revenue	5 058 599 607	9 817 197 716	2 476 080 000	605 808 000	433 040 959		18 390 726 282				
Actual Collection *Rand Value*	4 580 351 434	9 736 217 246	2 312 532 450	688 014 913	319 221 918		17 636 337 961				
Variance	91%	101%	107%	88%	136%		104%				

The municipality has budgeted a total of R21,8 billion of revenue for 2016/17 financial year and has billed R18,3 billion for period ended 31 March 2017 which has resulted in a difference of R3,4 billion. The majority of revenue is generated from water with a collection rate of 107%, and 101% for electricity. The overall collection rate of 93% indicates that the Municipality has good internal controls and systems in collecting debts.

Table 3 below reflects the status of Revenue and Debt Management and debtors by category:

Details	Yes/ No	Financial Period	Organs of State	Commercial	Households & Other	Total
Revenue raising and	Yes	Q1	872,000,000	312,134,000	6,746,088,000	7,930.222,000
collection strategy		Q2	114,979,000	496,582,000	516,655,000	1,128,216,000

Debt	Yes	Q3	299,238,000	2,399,069,000	5,192,327,000	7,890,635,000
Managem						
ent						
strategy		Q4				

Consumer Debtors (R'000)						
Municipality	30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	>90 days	Total	
Debtors at 31.03.2017	959 999	438 960	288 790	6 197 731	7 885 480	
Debtors at 31.03.2016	860 132	374 086	241 134	5 300 807	6 776 159	

The outstanding debtors relate to households and other consumer debts which comprise 65.80% and commercial comprises 30.40% of total debtors outstanding at the end of the quarter. The lowest consumer debt is from government or organ of state which comprise 3.79% of outstanding debt. Debtors outstanding for more than 90 days amounted to R6, 1 billion as at end of 31 March 2017 which represents 78.5% of consumer debt. The municipality has an approved revenue raising and collection strategy which has been being implemented. The Municipality has implemented the following credit control and debt collection activities during the third quarter:

- Monthly staff deductions are made towards staff salaries not more than 25% of the net pay;
- An amount of R294,823 was deducted from employees' salaries;
- There were limited disconnections of 3,170 the month of March 2017 due to migration to RMS system;
- Collection rate for the month of March 2017 was 102.95% and the cumulative percentage from July 2016 to March 2017 is 95.90% when comparing billing to collections. The collection rate has been dropped due to the fact that the Municipality migrated to a new revenue system and minimum disconnections have been carried out.

It should be noted that large portion of debt is owed by Emtateni logistics, Tansnat and Easy Does It. A claim of R7.4 million has been lodged with Emtateni Logistics which is liquidated. There is an amount of R5.3 million outstanding that was raised with Emtateni Liquidators because they continued with operations and the amount owing will be offset by the funds owed by the Municipality to Emtateni. Transnat owe R182 million and payment is sought out by through court settlement agreement.

It should be noted that the collection rate for the month of March 2017 is 104% of the amounts billed and cumulative percentage from July to December 2016 is 95.90% when you compare billing collections.

Councillor in arrears

Councillors in Arrears						
January February				Ма	rch	
Category	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
Councillors	17	190 511	13	186 333	11	146 211

There were twelve (11) councillors who were in arrears of services of the Municipality, owed an amount of R146, 211 in the month of March 2017.

Employees in arrears

Employees in Arrears						
	January February March					rch
Category	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
Employees	2024	10 997 424	1775	10 306 427	1732	10 081 277

There were 1732 employees who were in arrears of services of the Municipality, owed an amount of R10, 081,277.

Reconciliations

The debtor's reconciliations and other financial reconciliations for the three months ended 31 March 2017 are up to date and are being performed on a monthly basis.

EXPENDITURE AND CREDITORS MANAGEMENT

Table 4 below reflects the status of expenditure management: R'000

Details	Yes/No	Details	ΟΡΕΧ	CAPEX	USD
Cost Reduction strategy	Yes	Budget	6,679,639	3,727,898	1,414,265
		Actual	6,325,262	3,700,138	856,694
Procurement Plan	Yes	Difference	354,377	27,760	557,571
		% of budget spent	95%	99.2%	60.5%

Cost Reduction Strategy

The municipality approved cost reduction measures which are being implemented.

Procurement Plan

The municipality has an approved procurement plan which has been implemented.

OPEX

The municipality spent R856 million of its operating expenditure budget as at 31 March 2017 comprising 60.5%.

CAPEX

The municipality spent R3, 72 billion of its capital budget as at 31 March 2017 comprising 99.2% of the budget for the period ended 31 March 2017.

USD

The municipality spent R3, 72 billion of its capital budget as at 31 March 2017 comprising 99.2% of the budget for the period ended 31 March 2017.

Creditors

Creditors are paid within 30 days unless there are unresolved disputes on invoices. Total outstanding creditors for the period under review amount to approximately R2, 2 billion which represents a decrease of approximately R61 million (2.7%), when compared to March 2016 and is mainly attributable to decrease in loan repayments (R179 million).

Section 36 Financial Deviations

Table 5 below reflects the section 36 deviations for the period:

Financial Period	Section 36 deviations: Number	Section 36 deviations: Amount	Main Reasons
Q1			
Q2	27	R47,819,872	
Q3			
Total			

The reasons for Section 36 deviations were not reported.

1.1.1 Section 32 Appointments

There was no report on Section 32 awards.

Unauthorised, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful expenditure (UIFW)

Table 6 below reflects UIFW for the period:

Financial	Unauthorised	Irregular	Fruitless and Wasteful	Total
Period	Expenditure	Expenditure	Expenditure	
Q1		R1,282,591		R1,282,591
Q2		R1,898,772		R1,898,772
Financial	Unauthorised	Irregular	Fruitless and Wasteful	Total
Financial Period	Unauthorised Expenditure	Irregular Expenditure	Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	Total
		-		Total
		-		Total R2,880,273
Period		Expenditure		
Period		Expenditure		

The municipality incurred R2, 880,273 relating to irregular expenditure during the 3 months ended 31 March 2017. The municipality has undertaken a number of interventions and monitoring controls regard to Supply Chain Management processes to reduce the incidence of irregular expenditure.

OTHER EXPENDITURE MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Employee Related Costs

The employee related costs of 32% when compared with total cost but it is 52% when compared to operating expenditure which is outside the acceptable norm which ranges between 25% - 40%. The Municipality indicated that there are vacant posts need to be filled.

Free Basic Services

The municipality has spent 5.81% of its allocation of R2, 319,380 on free basic services relating to electricity, water and refuse, for period ending 31 March 2017. The Municipality has been slowly spending this allocation which affect

LIQUIDITY

Table 7 below reflects the liquidity position as at 30 June 2016:

Financial Period	Cost Coverage	Current Ratio	Are unspent grants cash- backed
Q1	3.21	1.11	Yes

Q2	4.07	1.20	Yes
Q3	5.64	1.64	Yes

The Cost coverage ratio of 5.64 months is satisfactory compared to the norm of 1 to 3 months. The current ratio of 1.61 is within the norm of 1.5 to 2 which means that there is sufficient cash to meet short term obligations (creditors). Unspent grants are cash-backed as at 31 March 2017. An analysis of the cash flow and budget projections indicate that the budget is funded. The Municipality has cash and investment amounting to R8.2 billion, represents approximately 115 days cash on hand and includes the latest trenches of grants received from National Treasury

ASSET MANAGEMENT

Table 8 below reflects the status of asset management for the period:

Details	Yes/No	Financial Period	% R&M of PPE budgeted	% R&M spent versus the budgeted R&M	FAR Reconciliations
Operations and Maintenance Plan	Yes	Q1	9.40%	42.76%	Yes
		Q2	9.40%	45.13%	Yes
Procurement Plan	Yes	Q3	8%	51.03%	Yes
		Q4			

Repairs and maintenance

The municipality has budgeted 8% of its repairs and maintenance budget for the period ended 30 March 2017, which is exactly the norm of 8%. The municipality has Operation and Maintenance plans in place which is being implemented to preserve the useful lives of infrastructure assets.

Fixed Asset Register and Reconciliations

The fixed asset register is updated monthly.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE

The following compliance matters were reviewed during this assessment:

Compliance Matters	Yes	No
1. Did the accounting officer submit the monthly report on the budget to the mayor, provincial treasury and National Treasury – within 10 working days of start month?	Y	
2. Did the Mayor submit quarterly (section 52) report for period ending 31 March on implementation of the budget and financial state of affairs of the municipality to council?	V	
3. Did the municipality place quarterly (section 52) report on budget implementation on the municipal website?	۲	
 4. Did the municipality report any unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure in terms of s32 of the MFMA? The information related to any unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure in terms of s32 of the MFMA was not reported during the assessment. 		
5. Did the accounting officer of a municipality place on the website documents referred to in section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act?	V	

FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

The following compliance matters were reviewed during this assessment:

Governance Matters	Yes	No
1. Is the Municipal Managers post filled?		
2. Is the Chief Financial Officers post filled?	V	
Governance Matters	Yes	No
3. Did the audit committee meet this quarter?	V	

4.	Did the audit committee report to council this quarter? (ito Circular 65)		
5.	Is the Internal audit unit outsourced?		>
6.	Does the municipality have a risk based internal audit plan?	K	
7.	Did the Municipal Public Accounts Committee meet this quarter?	Y	
8.	Is the Municipal Public Accounts Committee investigating matters relating to UIFW and providing recommendations to Council including recommending disciplinary processes?	K	

POTENTIAL ISSUES AFFECTING THE AUDIT OPINION

The Municipality received unqualified clean audit opinion with emphasis of matter in 2015/16 audit and the following audit findings might affect the audit opinion or lead to re were no issues noted that might affect the improvement to achieve clean audit opinion:

- Material losses and
- Provision for doubtful debts

SUPPORT

- The CoGTA Municipal Finance has provided support with MPAC training on financial management, analysis of Annual Financial Statements, preparation of oversight report and UIFW.
- There is no further support to be provided on the Municipality except monitoring the reporting of the Section 32 of the MFMA to CoGTA.

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CONCLUSION

Based on analysis and weighting of the relevant financial indicators the municipality has scored 56% for sound financial management using the CMET tool does not require additional support for sustainability. The main areas that requires improvement is to address spending on free basic services, spending on repairs and maintenance

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that the Municipality reports to CoGTA on UIFW as per requirements of Section 32 of the MFMA.

PILLAR FIVE: BUILDING CAPABILITIES

MANAGEMENT CAPACITY

Status of Senior Manager posts (Filled and vacant posts)

STATUS OF SENIOR MANAGER POSTS WITHIN ETHEKWINI METRO.

The status of Senior Manager posts within Ethekwini Metro are as follows:

SUMMARY		TOTAL POSTS: 9	TOTAL VACANCIES:4	% VACANT: 44%
MUNICIPALITY	NUMBER OF POSTS FILLED	FILLED POSTS	ACANT POSTS	STATUS OF VACANT POSTS AND RELATED MATTERS
			Human Settlements	Applications have been closed and processed and awaiting EXCO to shortlist and interview candidates.
Ethekwini	5 of 9	MM CFO Governance &	Engineering Services & Transport Trading Services	Position advertised and closing on 19 February 2016. Currently processing applications.
Ethekwini	5 01 9	International Relations Corporate & HR Community & Emergency	Economic Development & Planning	Currently negotiating the package with the successful candidate. Council is still to pronounce
				itself. Musa Mbhele has been acting in this post since 2014.
			Chief Operations Officer	Council is still to pronounce itself.

MUNICIPAL PERFORMANCE

The objective of the Back to Basics Programme, which was officially launched at the Presidential Summit on 18 September 2014, is to ensure a focused and strengthened local government by getting the basics right and together with other spheres, provide basic services efficiently and effectively and in a caring manner.

The Back to Basics Programme was officially launched in KwaZulu-Natal on 17 February, 2015. The monitoring of municipal service provision efficiency and effectiveness is a pivotal aspect of the implementation of the Back to Basics Programme, and as such, the Department has implemented a quarterly assessment and monitoring process, facilitated through the completion of a Quarterly Provincial Back to Basics Template.

An initial assessment for 26 municipalities, categorized as *Challenged* or *Requiring Intervention* was concluded during December, 2014. Following this, an assessment of all 61 municipalities had been facilitated and concluded during assessment for Quarter 1, Quarter 2, Quarter 3 And Quarter 4 of 2016/2017 financial year was conducted from 25 July 2016 to 29 July 2016, 13 to 17 February 2017, 14 June 2017 and 14 August 2017 to 18 August 2017 respectively. These templates were analyzed and subsequent scoring of municipalities was done in line with the 5 pillars and the main functions and mandates of municipalities.

The Ethekwini Metro Municipality was categorized as "Functional" as part of this process. The assessment for the Ethekwini concluded the following scoring:

BACK TO BASICS PILLAR	2016/ 2017 – QUARTER 1 SCORE	2016/ 2017 – QUARTER 2 SCORE	2016/ 2017 – QUARTER 3 SCORE	2016/ 2017 – QUARTER 4 SCORE
Putting People First	N/A	N/A	0%	25%
Delivering Basic Services	75%	80%	80%	80%
Good Governance	80%	100%	83%	83%
Sound Financial Management	52%	65%	70%	74%
Building Capable Local Government Institutions	60%	60%	75%	75%
TOTALS	68%	76%	68%	72%

A support plan to address the key challenges, as identified for the Ethekwini Metro, was prepared and is being implemented.

Municipality	B2B Assess.	Weighted	Support Plan	Weighted Score	Final	Preliminary
	Template Score	Score	Score	(out of 40)	Score	Categorisation
		(out of 60)				
Ethekwini	72%	43%	100%	40%	83%	Functional

STATUS OF MUNICIPAL ORGANISATIONAL PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

An assessment was conducted of the status of performance management in all 61 municipalities through a diagnostic assessment, which resulted in the development of action plans and these are monitored on a quarterly basis.

The status of performance management for the eThekwini Metro is as follows:

PN	/IS Aspect:	Status:
a)	Progress on addressing Auditor General Queries for the 2016/2017 financial year	66 % of AGSA issues resolved as at end of August.
b)	2016/2017 Quarter 4 Performance Assessments/Evaluation of Section 54/56 Managers	Not yet available
c)	Submission of 2016/2017 Annual Performance Report to: Internal Audit	Received on 26 July 2017
	Submission of 2016/2017 Annual Performance Report to: Performance Audit	Q4 unaudited Annual Performance information was initially shared with the Audit Committee on the 25 th of August 2017 Audit Committee Audited Annual Performance information by Internal Audit was sent to Audit Committee on the 30 th of August 2017
	Submission of 2016/2017 Annual Performance Report to: Council	
	Submission of 2016/2017 Annual Performance Report to: Auditor General	31 August 2017
d)	Has Internal Audit prepared and submitted a report on the review/audit of the 2016/2017 Annual Performance Report to the Performance Audit Committee	Yes

e)	Adoption of 2017/2018 Organizational Scorecards and SDBIP's	26/06/2017
f)	Submission of 2017/2018 Organizational Scorecard and SDBIP to Internal Audit (Please provide the date)	No, this will be submitted in October 2017 when Q1 of 2017/18 is audited.
g)	Has Internal Audit prepared a report on the review/audit of the 2017/2018 Organizational Scorecard and SDBIP?	No, this will be audited in October 2017 when Q1 of 2017/18 is audited.
h)	Publication of approved 2017/2018 SDBIP	10/07/2017
i)	2017/2018 Performance Agreements of Section 54/56 Managers: Prepared and signed by Section 54/56 Managers	10,31 July 2017
	2017/2018 Performance Agreements of Section 54/56 Managers: Made public - MFMA S 53 (3) (b)	11 July 2017
	2017/2018 Performance Agreements of Section 54/56 Managers: Submission to MEC within 14 days	14 August 2017
j)	OPMS Challenges	None

CAPACITY BUILDING

Capacity Building Strategy

The Business Unit developed a Provincial Capacity Building Strategy in conjunction with other relevant stakeholders, namely municipalities, sector departments, LGSETA and SALGA during the 2014/2015 financial year. The Capacity Building Strategy seeks to guide and coordinate all capacity building programmes targeting municipalities. To this effect, a Provincial Capacity Coordinating Committee was established comprising of all stakeholders involved in developing capacity of municipalities. Each stakeholder provides information on the capacity building initiatives it will be implementing. The Business Unit has developed a comprehensive provincial capacity building database based on inputs received from all stakeholders. The database indicates the kind of support each municipality will be receiving during the financial year.

The capacity building database was shared with each district municipality to share with its locals on the support that the municipalities will be receiving from stakeholders and by when will such support be provided.

Gender Policy Framework for Local Government

Municipalities are expected to implement the Employment Equity Act, Act No. 55 of 1998. Based on the audit conducted on compliance with the Employment Equity Act, municipalities were workshopped on the Act; and specifically on the development of Employment Equity Plan as per section 20 of the Act.

Ethekwini has developed and implemented an EEP and reports annually to the Department of Labour. To ensure that there is continuity with the good practice, an advocacy workshop was conducted on 23.01.2017 to bring the new employees on board.

Below is the Gender representation of the Senior Management level within the District.

Municipality	Approved	Filled	Gender	
			Males	Females
EThekwini Metropolitan Municipality	9	5	4	1

Given the 4 vacant positions at the top management structure, the municipality has an opportunity to balance gender by appointing more females as per their EEP.

Councillor Development

The Business Unit developed the Capacity Building Plan for Local Government for 2016-2021. In line with the plan, the following training programmes have been rolled out to Councillors and Municipal Officials and are captured below:

(a) Integrated Councillor Induction Programme

SALGA in partnership with National Treasury, Auditor-General, COGTA, the LGSETA and Provincial Treasury implemented the Integrated Councillor Induction Programme successfully for municipalities in the KwaZulu-Natal. The objective of the training is to ensure that the newly-elected and returning councillors are capacitated to implement the following:

- Their Leadership Roles;
- Legislation that is applicable to Local Government;
- Key Municipal Processes; and
- Developmental Local Government and Service Delivery.

The accredited Integrated Councillor Training Programme follows two streams, i.e. the National Qualification Framework (NQF) level 3 – Unit Standard (US): 244180 and 244183 for councillors with an academic qualification below Grade 12 (Matric), and the NQF level 5 – US: 120509 for those academically qualified above Grade 12.

DISTRICT	NUMBER REGISTERED	NUMBER TRAINED	DATE OF TRAINING
Ethekwini	220	215	5-9 September 2016

(b) Sector Based Councillor Orientation Workshops

The Sector Based Councillor Orientation workshops forms part of 5 Year Capacity Building Plan for Local Government and targeted all Councillors and Amakhosi that participate in municipal councils. The outcomes of the workshop were to:

I. Capacitate the newly elected Councillors post-election appointment

- II. Newly elected councillors without prior experience understand their roles and responsibilities better
- III. More in-depth knowledge sharing than during the initial SALGA induction programme and covers additional information
- IV. Provide an overview of the functional area in the context of legislative and policy framework that are specific to municipalities
- V. Training files serve as a reference tool for day-to-day functions of a councillor
- VI. Roles and responsibilities are clarified
- VII. Processes are linked to Integrated Development Planning and other key deliverables of municipalities
- VIII. Better understanding of the MFMA, supply chain and the oversight role of Councils
- IX. Understanding of key functional processes and council documents
- X. Tools and insights to improve oversight over the functional area
- XI. Measures to monitor performance within the functional area and the opportunity for Councillors to engage and seek clarity.

The training was conducted in 3 Phases and rolled out over a 3 day period on 10-12 October 2016; 15-17 November 2016 and 17-19 January 2017.

The number of Councillors that attended the training are:

District Municipality and its family of locals	No. of targeted Councillors	No of Councillors capacitated	Male	Female	New	Returning	No of Section 81 Amakhosi capacitated
Ethekwini	219	12	7	5	4	8	3

(c) Leading for Innovation

The programme enables Councillors to analyse their work environments and approach challenges in new and creative ways, embed innovation as a practice and lead a team through a process of creative thinking and problem solving. The training is accredited in terms of Unit Standard ID 252020 with 6 credits. The training was conducted over 2 days and targeted Speakers and Members of the Executive Committee.

Training Dates	Municipality	Number of Councillors that participated in the Leading for Innovation Training Programme
	Ethekwini	0
		Note: Councillors had indicated their attendance on 22-23 March 2017 but could not attend due to other commitments.

(d) Municipal Finance Management Programme – Municipal Officials

The programme is rolled out in partnership with SALGA; Provincial Treasury; KZN COGTA; LGSETA and Moses Kotane Institute. 31 Municipal Officials attended the training from 17-21 October 2016.

(e) Project Mangagement Training for Municipal Officials

The aim of the course is to enable learners to develop an understanding of the fundamentals of project management; apply project management tools and techniques in the design, implementation and management of projects. The course content includes defining a project; defining project management; project life cycles; project needs analysis; project scope; roles and responsibilities of a project manager; project design and development; project planning; project implementation; tools and techniques of project management; evaluation tools and project closure. 7 Municipal Officials attended the training on 5-8 April 2016 and 6 Muncipal Officials attended the training on 6 May 2016.

Skills Development

Section 68 of the Municipal Systems Act provides that municipalities must develop its human resource capacity to a level that enables it to perform its functions and exercise its powers in an economical, effective, efficient and accountable manner and must comply with the Skills Development and the Skills Development Levies Acts. Municipalities should further make provision in their budget for the development and implementation of training programmes. Municipalities are required in terms of Section 3 of the Skills Development Levies Act, to pay a levy of not less than 1% of the total amount of remuneration paid or payable by an employer to its employees.

During the 2016/2017 financial year, Ethekwini Metro submitted Workplace Skills Plan to the LGSETA. The Skills Development levy was paid to the LGSETA.